

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.
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A. T. Ambler, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn. Office one door west of Dr. Hare's.

W. R. Kinyon, Attorney and Counselor at Law in all the Courts of this State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes, Procees-Pensions, Bonds, etc. Office 21 door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 1st, 1863.

H. Wilson & Co., Bankers, Dealers in Exchange, Land Warrants, and Money Loaned on approved security. Fairbanks, Minnesota. Prompt attention will be given to the collection of Notes and Drafts, remitting on day of payment, less current rates of exchange and actual expenses incurred.

W. H. Wadsworth, Dealer in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc. Paper-hangings, Stationery, Yankee Notions, etc. Owatonna, Minn.

Hopkins & Bussey, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Wooden Ware, etc., etc. Produce of all kinds taken in exchange.

D. S. Harsh, Dealer in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals, Patent medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils, etc. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Berlin Chamber, Dealer in Groceries, Wooden Ware and all other articles usually found at a family supply store, at the old stand of Strohmeyer & Wansinger, Owatonna, Minnesota.

J. M. Williams, Dentist. I have worked at dentistry twenty years, and know that teeth can be saved if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Rochester, Minn. v1n10.

Joos & Oppiger, Dealers in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Aretel Candles, Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins, etc. v1-n1 Cash paid for Hides.

Crocker & Brother, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Leather and all other work in their line for cash or ready pay. All work warranted and repairing done on the shortest notice. Shop on Bridge Street, 2d door west of printing office. Owatonna, Sept. 4th, 1863.

E. Y. Huxley, Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Glass, such as Tin Ware, Grindstones, etc. v1-n1

C. C. Cornell, Manufacturer in Harness, Saddles, Carriage Trimmings and all other work in their line for cash or ready pay. All work warranted and repairing done on the shortest notice. Shop on Bridge Street, 2d door west of printing office. Owatonna, Sept. 4th, 1863.

C. C. Hazzard, Proprietor of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort.

M. J. White, Proprietor of the Barron House, Fairbault, Rice County, Minnesota. General Stage Office. Corner of Main and First Sts.

D. P. Smith, Proprietor of the National House, on Main Street, Fairbault, Minnesota.

William Ware, Practicing Physician and Surgeon. Residence east of the Post Office, and south of the Public Square, Owatonna, Minn.

G. W. Yearly, Proprietor of the Wagon Hotel, Wagonia, Minn. The traveling community will find it a home both for man and beast.

T. G. Patch, Proprietor of the Europa House, on the north side of the Public Square, Owatonna, Minn.

L. H. Kelly, Proprietor of the Owatonna Plaindealer. Dealer in Cash, to order and all kinds of blacksmithing done in modern style and on the shortest notice. Particular attention paid to horse-shoeing. Ready pay for work, but all kinds of grain taken in pay for work. Shop east of the Post-Office on Main-st. Owatonna, Sept. 20.

C. S. Crandall, Registrar of Deeds. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents, Owatonna, Minn.

D. E. A. Biggs, Surgeon Dentist. Permanently located at Fairbault, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Owatonna that he will perform once in each month in Owatonna, the present year. Plate work put up in the most approved styles and warranted. Vulcanite in brass, gold, and Silver or platinum.

Hallo! Mr.,

Have you heard the News?

Pepper & Clements have dissolved.

And Wm. Pepper is at his old stand in the

MEAT MARKET BUSINESS

Where he will keep constantly on hand the best quality of Beef and all other kinds of meat. We lay out such

Beef Cattle

for our market as are of the best quality and can give entire satisfaction to our customers. We are renovating our Market and are determined not to be surpassed by any other shop of this kind in the country. We have all kinds of

Vegetables

constantly on hand for the comfort and convenience of our patrons, as well as

CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, &c.

All persons buying of us can have their packages delivered anywhere in town free of charge. We are keeping large quantities of everything in our line on hand and can supply in or out of the county on the shortest notice. Our Market will be conducted agreeable to the most improved style. All kinds of

WORKING CATTLE, MILCH COWS, &c.

bought and sold at this market, and the highest cash price paid for Hides.

Owatonna, Oct. 22d, 1863. WM. PEPPER.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Mrs. Magoon

Takes pleasure in making to the ladies of Owatonna and vicinity that she has received her Fall Stock of

Millinery and Dress Goods.

Consisting in part of

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

FLOWERS,

RIBBONS,

HATS, latest styles,

BALMORALS,

CLOAKS and

CLOAKINGS.

Also; a great variety of

HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,

together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Tendering her grateful thanks for past patronage she invites all to call and examine her new stock, at the old stand, Hatcher's Block, Main-st. Fairbault, Minn., October 15th, '63.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

J. F. Hanna having lately purchased the entire stock of M. C. Barr, on School Street, is now prepared, to make on short notice, everything in the line of

Cabinet Ware

at

Great Bargains.

Bureaus, Bedsteads of all kinds, round and square cornered. Extension Tables, Centre Tables, Card Tables and Fall leaf tables.

Howlback Chairs, Windsor Chairs and Split-bottom Chairs always on hand or made to order, also a large lot of

Splendid

Seat and Chairs shortly expected, all of which we propose to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

COFFINS made on short notice.

Owatonna, May 7th, 1864.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the name of "Scott & Vail" is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all indebtedness to the firm is in the hands of D. T. Scott for collection.

D. T. SCOTT, A. S. VAIL.

Owatonna, Feb. 4th, 1864.

Gardner & Chase, Successors to S. W. Hastings. Dealer in Drugs, Dye Stuffs, Dye Colors, Yankee Notions, etc., at E. M. Morehouse's old stand, south side of Main-street, Owatonna, Minnesota.

J. Hough, Watch & Clock Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. Work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform.

FURS! FURS! FURS!!!

Wanted, for Cash, all kinds of shipping furs, for which the highest market price will be paid, by JOHN C. HUNTER.

Winton, October 6th, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that my wife HARRIET has left my bed and board with any cause or provocation whatever. And I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

Owatonna, Feb. 25th 1864.

ANDREW HARRIS.

MANLY INDEPENDENCE:

OR,

The Man who Carried his own Bundle.

Is the dullest part of the dullest county in England is situated the semi-fashionable bathing town of—Bless me! I was almost betrayed by the mere force of habit into the imprudence of calling it by its name.

Once upon a time there happened to the said little town a very dull bathing season—every town on the coast, beside, was full of company; bathers, walkers, donkey-riders, saunterers and pebble gatherers, yet the luckless town of— was comparatively empty. Huge placards with "Lodgings to let" stared every direction. Things of course were very flat, all ranks of people were malcontent. The shop-keepers were croaking; the proprietors of lodging houses in despair; and the few visitors who had ventured thither in hopes of making pleasant acquaintance and dissipating their dullness were sick of ennui. As for that class of incurables, the resident inhabitants, they, for want of some better amusement, applied themselves with redoubled ardor to their favorite winter recreation of cards, and the most inveterate scandal of each other.

In this state of utter stagnation were affairs at—, when, one very hot day in the middle of August, a stranger was seen to enter that worthy town corporate. In the dearth of anything in the shape of news or variety which was felt so sensible at— the arrival of a stranger would have been considered a seasonable mercy, could he have been approached without the direful risk of contaminating gentility bring in contact with something beneath it. But this stranger entered the town in no questionable shape that the very fourth and fifth rate castes in— stood aloof, holding themselves a peg above him. Even the shop-keepers, maudlin-makers, and waiters at the taverns for their noses curl up intuitively at the sight of him. The groups loiterers collected at the doors of the inns passed contemptuous comments on him as he pursued his way, and the few fashionables that were to be seen in the streets cast suspicious glances of careless superiority upon him, for he was on foot and alone, attired in a coat, waistcoat, and, in short, a whole suit of that sort of mixed cloth called pepper-and-salt colored, with a black silk handkerchief tied about his neck in a nautical style; he wore huge sea-boots pulled over his knees, and to complete the picture, carried a large bundle in a red silk handkerchief at the end of a stout oaken cudgel over his shoulder.

Such was his dress: yet to close observers of character, there was something wholly out of the common way about the lonely pedestrian. There was that expression of cool, determined courage in his large grey eyes, that whatever might be the prevailing sentiments of the community towards him, few would have been bold enough to offer him actual insult, even if he had not grasped so substantial a weapon of offence and defence as the above mentioned stout oaken cudgel in a hand that boken such weight of bone and power of muscle.

There certainly was a characteristic something in the stranger, from the tic of his handkerchief to the slight roll in his gait, that savored of a seafaring life. Even his way of setting on his hat had not the look of a landsman. The air of sturdy independence with which he shouldered his bundle, and trudged along, showed that he considered the opinions of the bystanders as a matter of perfect indifference. Yet there was that about him which forcibly arrested the attention of every one; people who would not own to themselves that they thought him worth looking at once, nevertheless turned round to look at him again.

The first step he took was to search for lodgings; but these, though readily found, were not so easily obtained. It was in vain that he applied to the proprietors of every lodging-house; it seemed as though he carried a bill of exclusion in his face: people shut their doors on his approach, and from the genteel marine villa to the most paltry cabin, he could not find a roof that would shelter him and his bundle. The inn-keepers were equally inexorable, and it appeared doubtful whether he would be permitted

to rest even the sole of his foot in the hospitable town of—.

Our pedestrian might have even of obtaining a night's lodging in a place where the tide of popular opinion seemed to set dead against him, but he was no sentimental novice; he had passed the meridian of life, and was too well acquainted with mankind not to know that while he could call to his aid a few of those potent little magicians called sovereigns (and most despotic sovereigns they are), he could insure himself anything he pleased in the little corporation. In fact, the prudential doubts of its inhabitants as to the probability of his carrying any metal of that shape and color in the queerly cut pockets of his thread-bare pepper-and-salts, was the whole and sole cause of his cool reception.

The witness of a sovereign, to which the stranger as a dernier resort appealed, procured him a supper and bed, and all things needful for rest and refreshment, at a small public house, whose crazy little creaking sign promised to travelers "Good entertainment for man and horse."

The next morning, being discommodated of the unpopular handle at the end of that oaken cudgel which he still either grasped or flourished in a most nautical fashion, he entered the reading-room.

"It is no use putting down your name, sir, for you cannot be admitted here;" was the answer he received from the pert underintendent of this place of fashion and resort.

"Not on paying the usual terms of subscription?" demanded the stranger.

"No, sir, we cannot admit persons of your description on any terms, sir."

"Persons of my description?" repeated the stranger, most emphatically, grasping his trusty cudgel "and pray, sir, of what description do you suppose me to be?"

"The Jack in office surveyed the sturdy stranger with a look in which contempt and alarm were oddly blended, as he replied.

"Can't exactly say, sir, but I am sure none of our subscribers would choose to associate with you."

"How do you know that, you saucy Jacksnapes?" said the stranger, becoming a little choleric.

"Why, sir, because, sir, we make a point of being very select, sir, and on no account admit persons of your description."

"But it seems you do not know of what description I am."

"Why, sir, no one can expect to keep these sort of things a secret."

"What, then, is it whispered about who I am?"

"Yes, sir, by everybody."

"And what does that important personage, everybody say?"

"Oh, sir, that you are a broken down miller, hiding from his creditors."

Not a whit humbled by this repulse, the stranger repaired to the place of general promenade, and took possession of a vacant place at the end of one of the benches, on which were seated two or three of those important people who had from time immemorial invested themselves with the dignity of the head persons in the place. It is hardly possible to suppose such people would condescend to exchange a few remarks with a stranger of whom the only particular known were, that he trudged into town carrying his own bundle, wore a thread-bare suit of pepper-and-salts, and slept at the Golden Lion.

These worthies did not allow him time to make their acquaintance, but with an air as if they dreaded infection, they rose and departed. Not the least discomposed by the distaste the great men of little evinced for his society, the stranger proceeded to make himself as much at home on the bench as if it had been his inheritance. He drew from his pocket a box with an apparatus for igniting a match, lighted a cigar and smoked for some time with great apparent relish.

At length perceiving a new set of loungers on the promenade, he hastily dispatched his cigar, and approaching one of the other benches, addressed a few courteous, thought trifling observations

to its occupants, three ladies and a gentleman; but had his remarks been either of a blasphemous or indelicate nature, they could not have been received with a greater appearance of consternation by the ladies, who rose, alarmed at the liberty the pepper-and-salt colored man had taken, while the gentleman observed, with a most aristocratic demeanor, that he labored under a mistake in addressing those ladies.

"Sir," said the stranger, "you are right; I took you for persons of politeness and benevolence. Discovering my error, I crave your pardon, and retire."

Although any reasonable persons might have been satisfied from these specimens of the inhabitants of— that it was no spot for a friendly unknown individual to pitch his tent in, still "the man who carried his own bundle" persevered in his endeavors to find some liberal-minded person therein. Yet, from the highest to the lowest, a general feeling of suspicion seemed to pervade the bosoms of all, and the luckless stranger resided in the town a whole week without finding a single exception. Nay, worse reports still than being a bankrupt miller got about.

Mine hostess of the Golden Lion served up these on *dine*, with all their variations and accompaniments, daily to her guest at his meals, protesting in the true tone of all dealers in such matters, her total disbelief in everything that was said to the prejudice of her guest—a guest, who showed so much good taste as to prefer her house, and sufficient honesty to pay for everything before it—which, to be sure, she prudently added, was the way in which business was always carried on at the Golden Lion.

"Wonder, then Mrs. Pagan, that you should do so unhandsome a thing by Jack Smith, Tom Balls, and some dozen other of your customers, as to chalk up such enormous scores against them as these," said the stranger, drily pointing with his oak stick to the hieroglyphics, with which the bar was graced.

"Why, sir, to be sure these be all 'sensible persons,'" stammered Betty Pagan. Her guest muttered to himself as he passed into the street.

"Rather hard that my credit should be worse than that of Jack Smith and Tom Balls and the rest of Betty Pagan's customers. Faith, I must be a most suspicious-looking fellow! To be sure, reports like these are of a nature to give the deathblow to my vanity, if that were a failing that could not be cured by mortification. I am an ugly, dog I am aware, but I did not know that my phiz was ill-looking enough to indicate an old smuggler, a broken down miller (but for that the pepper-and-salts may be thanked,) a fraudulent bankrupt hiding up from his creditors, a returned convict, and a man who having married three wives has run away from them all!"

The habitual good temper, and light-hearted gaiety of the stranger was ruffled; and there was a compression on his brow, and an angry glow on his cheek, as he entered that notorious gossip shop, the Post Office. The mail had just arrived, and the letters having been sorted, were delivered to their respective claimants. But there was one letter that had not been claimed, which excited general curiosity.

According to invariable diurnal custom, all the towns-people who had nothing to do, were assembled in or near the Post Office—those who expected letters, to receive them, and those who did not, to take note of the epistles directed to their neighbors and obtain, if possible, some clue whereby to guess their contents—either from observation of hands or seals, or haply from expression of countenance of the recipients, or some hint or exclamation during perusal.

The unclaimed letter was a most tempting appearance, sealed, surmounted with a coronet—to the Right Hon. Admirable A—B—and franked by the Duke of A—. Many were the surmises offered on the subject. Could it be possible that a man of his rank meant to honor them with his presence for the season? But then he had not engaged lodgings. No matter, there were plenty disengaged. The most noble duke evidently supposed that his uncle was there; and it was impossible for so great a man to make a mistake. Lord A—B— would

doubtless arrive that day with his suite. It would be the salvation of the town for the season to be able to announce such an arrival in the county papers—the presence of my Lord, was perhaps a prognostic of a visit from the duke and mighty duchess.

All present were impressed with the necessity of calling an immediate town meeting, to propose presenting him with the freedom of the town, a gilt box, which doubtless his Lordship would be polite enough to take for gold. During the discussion, in which, by this time, the whole town was engaged, those were some whose curiosity to know the contents of this important epistle was so great as to betray them into the endeavor of forestalling Lord A—B— in reading all that was come-at-able in his letter; but the envelope was folded so as to baffle the most expert in the round readings.

How far the ardor of making discoveries would have carried some of them I am not prepared to say—perhaps it might have led to felonious attempts on the sanctity of the duke's seal and frank, had not the stranger (who had remained an unnoticed listener in the crowd, and had quickly seen the letter passing from hand to hand through a large circle,) now stepped into their midst, and making a very low bow, said,

"Gentlemen, when you have amused yourselves sufficiently with that letter, I will thank you to hand it over to me, its rightful owner."

"To you!" exclaimed the whole town and corporation in a breath, looking unutterable things at the thread-bare, pepper-and-salt, of the independent individual before them. "We are surprised at your impudence in demanding this letter, which is franked and sealed by the duke of A— and addressed to Admiral A—B—."

"I am he, gentlemen," returned the stranger, making a sarcastic bow all round. "I see you do not think the son of a Duke can wear such a coat, and carry his own bundle on such an occasion. However, I see one within hail who can witness my identity. Here, you Jack Braceyard, have you forgotten your old commander?"

"Forgotten your honor! No, no, my Lord," exclaimed Jack, springing into the midst of the circle. "I knew your noble Lordship the moment I saw you; but I remembered your honor's humor to well to spoil sport by saluting when you thought to hoist foreign colors."

"Jack you are an honest fellow; and here's a sovereign to drink my health, for we have weathered many a hard gale together, and here's another for keeping my secret, old heart of oak."

"And now gentleman," continued Lord A—B— "if you are not yet satisfied that the letter belongs to me, here are, I trust, sufficient proofs." As he spoke he produced from his pocket book a bundle of letters bearing the same superscription.

The post-master immediately handed him the letter, and began a string of the most elaborate apologies, which his Lordship did not stay to listen to, but walked back to the Golden Lion, leaving the assembled population of— mute with consternation.

That afternoon, the whole corporation, sensible to the error of their error, waited in a body on Lord A—B—to apologize for their mistake, and to entreat him to honor their town with his presence during the remainder of the season.

Lord A—B— was busily employed in tying up his bundle when the duputation entered, and he continued to adjust it all the time they were speaking. When they were concluded, having tightened the last knot, he answered them as follows:

"Gentlemen, I entered your town with every intention of thinking well of its inhabitants. But you will say that I came in a shabby coat, carrying my own bundle—and took my quarters at a paltry ale-house— Upon my word, it was the only place where you would give me admittance! Your reception of me would have been very different had I arrived in my carriage."

"Gentlemen, I doubt it not; my rank, fortune, and equipage will procure me respect any where from people of your way of thinking. But, gentlemen I am

an odd fellow, as you see, and sometimes try whether I can obtain it without these adventitious distinctions; and the manner in which you treated me when I appeared among you in the light of a poor and most inoffensive stranger, has convinced me of my error in looking for liberality of construction here. And now, gentlemen, I must inform you that I estimate your polite attention at the same value that I did your contempt, and that I would not spend another night in your town if you would give it to me for nothing, and so I will bid you a very good evening."

As his Lordship concluded, he attached his red bundle to the end of his bludgeon, and shouldering it, with a droll look at the discomfited corporation, he trudged out of town with the same air of sturdy independence with which he had trudged in.

The sagacious towns and corporation remained thunder-struck with the adventure. However, their conduct in the affair had been too unanimous to admit of their recriminating on each other the blame of this "unlucky" mistake; so they came to the wise resolution of making the best of a bad business, and digesting the bitter rebuke as well as they might; moreover, they determined that their town should no longer be the credit of a visit from so distinguished a personage, and duly announced in the county papers Lord A-----'s arrival and departure from the town of-----.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.
THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1864.
NEWS SUMMARY.

Col. Hawkins surrendered himself and about 400 men in Union City, Kentucky, to the rebel Gen. Forrest, in a most cowardly manner. Some of his men threatened to shoot him if he did. His soldiers done all they could to prevent it and failed.

The Copperheads in Cole Co., Ill. rose in force against the Union men and were determined to murder every Union man in the county, but for a portion of the 54th regiment would have accomplished their nefarious designs. They were all members of the K. G. C., and sworn enemies to our government and the liberty of the enslaved. How long will our rulers permit such hell-born creatures to live among freemen.

The State of Connecticut has gone 6000 Republican majority; Ohio cities declare for the Union; St. Louis has elected a Union Mayor; St. Paul has elected a Union Mayor by over 300 majority; New Jersey cities have also gone for the Union by large majorities.

IOWA CORRESPONDENCE.

DAVENPORT, IOWA, March 26th, 1864.
DEAR PLAINDEALER:—Justice to myself, and to those who were once my companions in arms, lead me to ask the indulgence of the columns of your paper to correct a most egregious error in an article published to the people of the State of Minnesota, in the St. Paul Daily Pioneer, of March 13th, headed "The Fourth Minnesota veterans at home." The article, I should say, must have been written by some one who had never followed the career of the Fourth in many hard-fought battles against armed treason and rebellion, or he must have intended to most willfully misrepresent it.

It is well known that this regiment left the State of Minnesota in April 1862, with but a very few less than one thousand men, and that it returned with less than half that number. The article above referred to says, however, that "its numbers have been reduced over one-third." This is spoken truthfully, for the same statement would hold good if it had but ten men left, but this statement does not convey the real truth to the minds of the people, to their friends and neighbors, no more than the statement would if he had said that it was reduced more than one-twentieth, or even one-hundredth part.

Again, he says, the "service of the regiment has included near two years of guard, and camp, and garrison duty, and marches and countermarches, &c." This statement conveys the idea that their principal business, during their two years stay in the South, was to do camp and garrison duty, and that it was selected for this purpose, from the fact that its Commanding General had no confidence in it, and that it was fit only for that kind of duty. What wrong? What injustice is this to those heroes of so many battles? Why, the whole statement is wrong, never during its two years campaign in the South was it selected for camp duty in preference to any other regiment of the army, nor was it once left behind when its brigade or division was ordered upon duty, and it is well known that during

the hard and fatiguing march through mud and rain from Holly Springs to Oxford, Miss., it outmarched every other regiment in the division, and arrived at Oxford without a single straggler, when other regiments were scattered for more than twenty miles, and as far as the regiments doing garrison duty, it never did one day of it from the time that it left Ft. Snelling, in April 1862, to the time that it returned.

Again, he says, that "on May 14th, about two miles from Jackson it supported another regiment in a charge upon the rebel line, and had two men wounded." This is, to say the least, a most unpardonable misstatement, the regiment did not support another one, but led the charge itself upon the rebels, and the reason that it did not lose more men was rather from the inaccuracy of aim of the rebels than the amount of lead discharged at it.

He finally closes his semi-official history of the operations of the regiment by stating "if not distinguished by being placed in a position of greatest peril, yet it had behaved itself very well." I know not what might be called "greatest peril." It is certain that it was not placed in a position to be cut to pieces by the enemy without the opportunity of defence. This was, however, the result of the good management of the officers in command, rather than the desire of the General commanding to keep it from "greatest peril." Did they not, however, support the 11th Ohio battery, in the fight at Lake, and the only one that had any fighting of moment to do? Did not the regiment, at the battle of Corinth, charge so successfully upon the rebels, when they attempted to turn the right flank of our army, that they dared not attempt it the second time? Is not the flank of an army usually positions of "greatest peril?" Did the regiment ever falter or murmur at the Yazoo expedition (which the writer has entirely ignored) when they were confined for thirty-five days upon small transports, which were so crowded that the men could scarcely find room to sleep, with guerrillas thronging the banks of the river on every side, this, too, whilst the balance of the army were doing camp and garrison duty, fishing and hunting upon the beautiful banks of Lake Providence. The sick list of the regiment increased on this expedition from fifteen to one hundred and seventy, but yet it grumbled not nor did it the men refuse to obey all orders with promptness and despatch, rations too became short, "hard tack," was so hard that it had to be pounded with a hammer before using, and the water was worse still, yet who shall say that the regiment feared the perils that surrounded it. Did the regiment falter at Port Gibson, Rocky Springs, Clinton and Jackson, Champion Hills, Black River, and at Vicksburg? Was it no "peril" when it had a "hand-to-hand" conflict for two hours, for the position of one of the earthworks of the enemy, and lost over fifty men? Were they in no "peril" at Vicksburg on the 22d of May when they moved to the relief of Gen. McClernand's troops, and when seven shells of the enemy burst in the ranks without causing one to leave his place for a moment that was not injured? Were they in no "peril" at Chattanooga, when Col. Tourtellot says that they charged upon and captured one of the most important positions upon Lookout Mountain?

But the crowning statement of the whole article is this: "It had been under fire several times, and its conduct all the time had been satisfactory to the Generals and its commanding officers." This, I think, is a great injustice in favor of the scared and battle worn veterans, of nearly twenty hard fought engagements, and in the face of the fact the authorities of the State to the present administration never admitted the idea of there being more than one regiment from Minnesota, and all its praise, all its power, all its kindness, all its influence was lavished upon that regiment—the First Minnesota. If the patriotic people of Minnesota raised a general fund for Sanitary purposes, it was all expended upon the First regiment; if any promotions were to be made it must have the lion's share; if there was any sympathy or words of encouragement needed, the First must have them. In fact every energy of the State was concentrated in the desire to benefit that regiment to the injury even of the balance. Our Minister to Belgium gave five hundred dollars to the relief of Minnesota soldiers, yet the Fourth never received a cent of it. At the battle of Fredericksburg the First Minnesota were employed on fatigue duty, building bridges, and it had six or seven men wounded, the authorities telegraphed to Washington to furnish everything to the regiment necessary for its comfort, when the Fourth Minnesota lost over fifty men in the assault on Vicksburg, nobody was ever ordered

to furnish it any money or Sanitary supplies, nor was it ever even thanked for its bravery. But we feel thankful that they have at last found out that the regiment has "been several times under fire," and what is more pleasing to us all they have admitted it, and in closing permit me to say that there is not a braver or nobler set of men in any regiment from any State than the Fourth Minnesota, it has never been ordered upon any duty, no matter how perilous, but it has performed it with honor to itself and entire satisfaction to its commanding officers.

THE RIOT IN ILLINOIS.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.
MATTOON, COLES COUNTY, Ill., March 29, 1864.—Yesterday about 30 or 100 Copperheads, the most desperate characters in this and a few adjoining counties, assembled at Charleston, where the Circuit Court was in session. A few officers and soldiers of the 54th Illinois veterans were there on a furlough.

A little after 3 o'clock p. m., while Court was quietly in session, a man named Nelson Wells suddenly fired on a soldier in the court yard. As though this was a preconcerted signal, the Copperheads in the Court House and yard opened a general fire on Union men and soldiers with revolvers, making a rush at the same time to a wagon where they had guns concealed, and firing with these as fast as they could get them.

The few soldiers present being taken entirely by surprise, fought manfully with their pistols, and soon the dead and wounded were scattered around the public square. The soldiers and Union citizens ran for guns as soon as possible, but as they returned the rebels were in full retreat, the whole affair having occupied but a short time.

Col. Mitchell, of the 54th Illinois, was without his revolver when it commenced. While attempting to take a pistol from a man, he was shot by another man, the ball striking his heavy gold watch and inflicting a slight wound. Another man put a pistol to his back and would have killed him had it not snapped. Still another man was just about firing a fatal shot at him when a soldier knocked him down with a brickbat. The Colonel was shot at a dozen times or more. Major Shubal York, Surgeon of the 54th, was shot dead while gallantly defending himself.

Within an hour from the beginning of the affair, Lieut. Col. Chapman, with a portion of the 54th—about 250 men—arrived from Mattoon, twenty-three miles distant, and squads were sent out after the retreating Copperheads. About thirty-five of the raiders were arrested during the evening and night, and are now here under guard.

They cut the telegraph east of Charleston as they retreated. They met a soldier—Levi Freisner, company C, 54th—when they took prisoner at the command of John S. O'Hair, Sheriff of Coles county, who was at their head.

The soldier was retaken at daylight this morning, and six rebels who were guarding him were captured.

Governor Vance's Position.—He wants Peace Only on the Basis of Separation.

Governor Vance's late speech at Wilkesboro, N. C., shows that he is very far from being the Union man he was thought to be. He says: "As you all know, I regretted to go out of the former Government, and was one of the last to lay it down, and did lay it down with the same mournful feelings with which I followed my dear father to the grave. I never expected, and do not now expect, to see it resurrected again. The act of secession was a deliberate expression of sentiment, although it may have been wrong. Let us not cease to remember that we all consented to this war—old line Whigs as well as Secessionists. We consented after it appeared inevitable, and we must all stand up to it—every man, woman and child throughout the length and breadth of the Southern Confederacy. We must forget, if possible, for awhile, the causes which led originally to this rupture, and each man take upon his shoulder the full measure of burden and responsibility, regardless of consequences."

The Governor then portrayed in very sombre colors the result of the conquest of the State by the National troops, and read an account of the land sales at Beaufort, S. C., where many of the town lots were bought by negroes. He said: "I tell you, my fellow-citizens, if we could consent to this thing we would deserve the fate of dogs; but we would not get even that, for dogs are allowed to sleep on their master's floor, and to eat the crumbs that fall from their master's table. You would get nothing. Yes, you would get kicks, and until you would wish you had died a man rather than live to become a dog."

My friends, there are a great many desirable things, but the question, not what may be wished but what may be obtained, is the one reasonable man consider. It is desirable to have a lovely wife and plenty

of pretty children, but every man can't have them. I tell you now, candidly, there is no more possibility of reconstructing the old Union and reinstating things as they were four years ago, than exists for you to gather up the scattered bones of your sons who have fallen in this struggle, from one end of the country to the other, re-clothe them with flesh, fill their veins with the blood they have so generously shed, and their lungs with the same breath with which they breathed their last prayer for their country's triumph and independence."

The Governor then said:

"There never can be peace on the Continent of North America until the North and South are independent and distinct nations. Do you suppose the blood of the Southern youth would run quietly in his veins when he saw a negro officer walking the streets and making his sister give way for him? The only way to obtain continued peace—and I want no other—is to fight it out now, whilst we have a government and great and glorious armies in the field. If we have actually whipped and driven back two million soldiers, there is encouragement to hope that we can drive back all that can possibly be sent against us. The bones of the Yankees that bleach on the plains of Northern Virginia, if piled in a row, would make a Macadamized road from Richmond to Washington, over which the artillery of the Southern Confederacy could roll between the two cities."

The Major-General and the Drummer-Boy.

The President has recently appointed to the Naval School at Newport a little drummer-boy of the 55th Illinois Volunteers, whose case was brought before him by W. T. Sherman, in the following letter. Truly the letter does as much honor to the distinguished Major General who could pause, in the midst of the duties of a great campaign, to pay such a tribute to a drummer-boy, as it does to the little hero whom it celebrates:

HEADQUARTERS 15th ARMY CORPS,
Camp 14 Black, August 8, 1864.

Hon. E. M. Stanton Sec'y of War:—

Sir: I take the liberty of asking through you, that something be done for a lad named Orion P. Howe, of Waukegan Ill., who belongs to the 55th Ills., but at present absent at home wounded. I think he is too young for West Point, but would be the very thing for a midshipman.

When the assault on Vicksburg was at its height, on the 19th of May, and I was in front near a road which formed my line of attack, this young lad came up to me, wounded and bleeding, with a good healthy boy's cry, "Gen. Sherman, send some cartridges to Col. Maiburg, the men are nearly out." "What is the matter, my boy?" "They shot me in the leg, sir; but I can go to the hospital. Send the cartridges right away." Even where we stood, the shot fell thick, and I told him to go to the rear at once. I would attend to the cartridges, and off he limped. Just before he disappeared on the hill, he turned and called as loud as he could, "Calibre 54." I have not seen the lad since, and his Colonel (Maiburg), on inquiry, gives me his address as above, and says he is a bright, intelligent boy, with a fair preliminary education.

What arrested my attention then was—and what renewed my memory of the fact now is—that one so young, carrying a musket ball through his leg, should have found his way to me on that fatal spot, and delivered his message, not forgetting the very important part, even, of the calibre of his musket, 54, which you know is a very important one.

I'll warrant that boy has in him the elements of a man, and I commend him to the government as one worthy the fostering care of some one of its National Institutions. I am with respect,

Your obedient servant,
(Signed) W. T. SHERMAN,
Major General Commanding.

Prices in 1823, 1834—A gentleman in Lynn, recently coming across a grocer's ledger kept in 1823, had the curiosity to examine the prices at which articles of domestic consumption sold at that time, and found them as follows viz:—Flour, per barrel, \$12; rum per gallon, \$1.75; fish per pound, 6 cents; beans bushel, \$3; tea, per pound, \$1.25 to \$1.50; sugar per pound, 17 to 22 cents; molasses, per gallon, 65 cents; candles, per pound, 25 cents; meal, per bushel \$1 to \$1.50; pork per pound, 20 cents. These prices are quite as high as the same kind of articles sell for at the present time, and some of them are higher.—Boston Herald

During General Sherman's expedition, a wounded Federal officer crawled into the yard of a secession planter, when the latter took an axe, and, with a fiendishness scarcely credible, struck him on the head killing him instantly. A small party of Federal soldiers coming up shortly after, the negroes told them of it when they immediately shot the planter and placed him in the house, which they burned to the ground.

Mrs. BURRELL, wife of an officer of the navy, Mrs. Carter, whose husband is in the Confederate States, and another lady, have been confined in the Old Capitol Prison for attempting to convey letters, medicines, etc., to the rebels. They had nearly got outside the lines when they were taken. All the parties move in the most fashionable circles here.—N. Y. Times.

A REBEL woman writes to her husband in Price's Arkansas army, (the letter having been intercepted,) that "Parson Nolan is our circuit rider now. He says that God has plainly promised to be on our side and drive the cursed Yankees from our soil. Parson Nolan is a splendid preacher, but I don't look to me as if God was driven the Yanks any too much out of Arkansas now."

WHAT "COPPERHEAD" MEANS.—For the benefit of those who do not find Copperhead in the Dictionary we give the following analysis:

- Conspiracy.
- Opposition to the war.
- Peace on any terms.
- Pragmatism.
- Enmity to the Union.
- Recognition of the 'C. S. A.'
- Alarmed of the Government.
- Earnest sympathy with traitors.
- A narchy.
- Disloyalty.—Bing. Rep.

The Atlanta Register estimates the total Federal force under Gen. Grant, now Sherman's command, at 100,000 men, and adds: "Our forces are fully adequate to meet the enemy at all points."

HOPKINS & BISHOP have just received a very large stock of NEW GOODS of all descriptions and are now offering them at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Come every body and examine goods and prices. We take all kinds of produce in exchange for goods.

At the HOOSHIER STORE, OWATONNA, MINNESOTA.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, &c.

PICTUREST PICTUREST!

The undersigned having permanently located in the village of Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn., would respectfully announce to the people thereof and surrounding counties, that he is now prepared to furnish them with true and correct

Likenesses

of themselves and friends. Either PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, OR any other style of portraits known to the photographic fraternity. Having been in the business for many years in New York he feels confident in assuring the public in this vicinity that his work is

AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

Consequently has not the least doubt of giving entire satisfaction to all that favor him with their patronage. Room (at present) Morford's Hall, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn.

J. H. WINTER. D. N. RUSSELL.

Winter & Russell,

AT THE
Metropolitan Store, on Third Street,

Have received direct from Boston,
THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

And hereafter will be constantly in receipt of new

SPRING GOODS,

DIRECT FROM EASTERN MARKETS.

THEY OFFER

RARE BARGAINS

IN
DRY GOODS

STAPLE AND FANCY

consists in part of

Shirtings, Stripes,
Check, Fencing, Tickings,
Cottonades, Jeans, Linseys, Cas-
simeres, Dressings, Broad Cloths, Checkings,
Satinets, Kerseys, Flannels, Cotton & Woolen,
Tweeds and Plantation Cloths,

PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
ALPACCAS, DE LAINES,
THIBETS, MERINOES,
FLAHS, REPS,
PARAVENTAS, SILKS,
WOOLSTED, GOODS,
of all kinds!!

THE GEMS OF THE SEASON.

Hoop Skirts

AND

BALMORALS.

MOURNING GOODS!

Our stock of Mourning Goods is full and complete, of every desirable style, quality and price! CLOTHES, GINGHAMS, DE LAINES, SILKS, WOOLSTED, &c., &c.,

LOOK OUT FOR COLD WEATHER!

CLOTHING!

If the next Draft don't exceed 600,000, we can clothe the whole army.

OVER COATS,

of every quality and grade for winter.

UNDER COATS,

of every style and material!

PANTS AND VESTS

of latest fashions and every desirable material for winter wear.

BLACK DRESS SUITS!

As there has always been a want of care in the selection of good Clothing by purchasers for this market, we would ask the public that we have taken pains to purchase the VERY BEST quality and workmanship.

Boots & Shoes

FOR ALL!!

From the smallest baby to the largest overgrown man!! Among which are:

LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS—Cloth, Kid and Morocco, plain and tipped, and all other kinds.

BABIES' CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' SLIPS, SHOES, BOOTS, GAITERS, BALMORALS & LAID ROOTS.

of superior quality and workmanship, and selected with special reference to the wants of this community.

HATS & CAPS

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Scott, McCallan, Burnside, Knott, Old Brains, Rosecrans, Grant and Honest Old Abe Hats and Caps, French and American Manufacture!

Gloves and Mittens

BLACK SKIN, BEAVER SKIN,
SHEEP SKIN, SEAL SKIN, KID SKIN,
COTTON Wool, OTTER SKIN, WOOLEN—
lined and unlined, large and small!

HOSIERY

For the Multitude!

Groceries

By the WHOLESALE, of every description.

HARDWARE!

A complete assortment. AXES, from the best manufacturers.

Crockery, Glassware and Kerosene Lamps!

A new and complete assortment. All the above with other articles too numerous to mention, will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

THE HIGHEST PRICE

allowed for all kinds of

Country Produce

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decidedly the best in use.

PRICE LIST.

American Steele, - - - - - \$14 25
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Cast Steel, - - - - - 17 25
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Each Plow warranted in all cases, and if not a recommended one, the money will be invariably refunded.

WINTER & RUSSELL.

J. H. WINTER. D. N. RUSSELL.
Fairbault, Nov. 19th, 1863.

HEAR YE! HEAR YE!
ROCHESTER
DRUG AND BOOK STORE!
City Post Block.

J. S. WOODARD would inform the inhabitants of the City of Rochester, that he has recently opened a large Drug and Book Store in the City Post Block, on Broadway, in the New Brick Block known as the City Post Block, where he keeps a large stock of pure

Drugs and Medicines,
direct from the Eastern Market, which will be sold at the very lowest figures, and warranted of the first quality. Having had many years experience in the business, he is prepared to furnish

PRACTISING PHYSICIANS
in the country with pure medicines and at low prices. Also

Physicians Proscriptions
put up with dispatch and accuracy. My goods consist of every variety and kind of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PURE CHEMICALS,
YANKEE NOTIONS, PATENT MEDICINES, GLASSWARE, OILS,
LEADS, all qualities,
PURE WINES &
BRANDIES

for medical purposes. Also a choice selection of
FAMILY GROCERIES!

All kinds of School and Miscellaneous books at Manufacturers' prices. Writing Paper by the ream or quire.

WRITING FLUIDS, INK, PENS,
BLANK BOOKS, WRAPPING
PAPER, BLANK DEEDS
AND MORTGAGES.

Any person wishing to buy goods at a low price, let them call at my store.
Rochester, Nov. 26th, 1863. 51-47

THE SINGER
Sewing Machines

Our LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many useful appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Ducking, Gathering, Gimping, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in elegant and exquisite style.

The Felling Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the Cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and cheapest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, etc., of the very best quality. Sent for a Pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
455 Broadway, New York.
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THE GREAT RURAL AND FAMILY WEEKLY
NEW VOLUME - NEW FEATURE - NEW TYPE

MOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER, long known as the best and most popular Agricultural, Horticultural, Literary and Family Newspaper in this Country, will enter upon its fifteenth year and Volume on the 24th of January, 1864. The New Volume will at least equal either of its predecessors in Contents, Style and Appearance, for we have resolved to spare no effort or expense to enhance the reputation and standing of the paper as the

BEST NEWSPAPER OF ITS CLASS
ON THE CONTINENT.

Always Loyal, Practical and Progressive, the Rural is the favorite farm and Fireside Journal - largely read and admired in both Town and Country. Its simple pages comprise departments devoted to, or treating upon

Agriculture, Horticulture, Rural Economy, Architecture, Education, Arts and Sciences, Literature, General News.

With various minor departments, and including numerous Illustrations, Tales, Sketches, Musical Poetry, Enigmas, &c., &c., rendering the paper instructive and entertaining to the various members of the family circle.

In addition to the above variety, the Rural for 1864 will comprise a new and important feature - a department exclusively devoted to

SHEEP HUSBANDRY.
Conducted by Hon. Henry S. Randall, LL. D., author of "The Practical Shepherd," &c., who is considered to be the best authority on the subject in this country.

P. Barry, Esq., author of "The Fruit Garden," and formerly editor of the Horticulturalist, will also contribute to the Rural for 1864 - enriching its Horticultural Department with the results of his own experience.

The War News, Markets, &c.
Receive special attention - the Rural containing the reports of the principal Grain, Provision, Cattle, Wool and Fruit Markets in the Country. Remember that the Rural is published Weekly in one of the very best cultivated sections of America, and that its Editors, Contributors and Correspondents strive to promote the Pecuniary Interest and Welfare of its tens of thousands of readers.

Style, Form, Terms, Etc.
Volume XV, for 1864, will maintain the enviable reputation the Rural has long enjoyed. It will be published in Superior Style - with New Type, and white paper, and many fine Illustrations. Its Form will continue the same as now - Double Quarter - with an Index, Title Page, &c., at the close of each year, complete for binding.

TERMS - Always in Advance - \$2 a year in advance; 25 cents for each copy after the first. Single copies 10 cents. For foreign postage add 50 cents per annum. For Clubs of six or more, \$10 a year in advance. For Clubs of twelve or more, \$18 a year in advance. For Clubs of twenty or more, \$30 a year in advance. For Clubs of fifty or more, \$70 a year in advance. For Clubs of one hundred or more, \$120 a year in advance. For Clubs of two hundred or more, \$200 a year in advance. For Clubs of five hundred or more, \$450 a year in advance. For Clubs of one thousand or more, \$800 a year in advance. For Clubs of two thousand or more, \$1400 a year in advance. For Clubs of five thousand or more, \$3200 a year in advance. For Clubs of ten thousand or more, \$5800 a year in advance. For Clubs of twenty thousand or more, \$9800 a year in advance. For Clubs of fifty thousand or more, \$19800 a year in advance. For Clubs of one hundred thousand or more, \$34800 a year in advance. For Clubs of two hundred thousand or more, \$59800 a year in advance. For Clubs of five hundred thousand or more, \$119800 a year in advance. For Clubs of one million or more, \$219800 a year in advance.

Table with 4 columns: HEIGHT, WIDTH, DEPTH, PRICE. Rows list various sizes of safes and their corresponding prices.

NEW AND SECOND HAND SAFES FOR SALE CHEAP
New York Safe Depot,
71 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
D. B. CHAMBERLAIN.

Commercial College
LOCATED IN MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

ON Wisconsin St., in Young's Block - entrance first stairway west of the Post Office. The college of the chain are located in New York City, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Providence, Portland, Albany, Troy, Toronto, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis. Scholarships issued by the Milwaukee College are good throughout the entire chain of colleges for unlimited time.

The design of these Colleges is to qualify both for book-keepers and the correct management of business affairs. Our system of Penmanship is the famous "Shenckman's" Life. Scholarships good in fourteen Colleges, \$25, \$40 and \$50. Works on Book-keeping, Commercial Law, Commercial Arithmetic and Penmanship supplied to learners, teachers and students. Also Spencer's Steel and Gold Pens. Mr. R. C. Spencer is Resident Principal of the Milwaukee College.

For further information please call at the College, or send for circulars and letters of explanation. (Send two letter stamps.) Address: RYAN, STRATTON & SPENCER, Milwaukee, Wis.

WINONA MARBLEWORKS
The subscriber would respectfully give notice to the people of Owatonna and elsewhere that he has constantly on hand the largest stock of Foreign and American Marbles ever brought west of Lake Michigan, consisting of all kinds of

LARGE SIZE MONUMENTS,
SKELETON MONUMENTS,
GRAVE STONES, MANTLES
FURNITURE MARBLE, ETC.,

which he will finish to order in the most approved style and for the lowest cash price. Parties wishing to purchase will do well to wait till my agent comes around or to write to me, before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop opposite the Court House, Winona, Minn. C. J. ALDRICH.

MME. DEMOREST'S
MIRROR OF FASHIONS.

QUARTERLY JOURNAL DE GRAND MONDE.
Circulation 40,000 (largest in the world), and the only Magazine devoted exclusively to the Fashions.

Each number contains large and magnificent Fashion Plates, Splendid Illustrations of all the Fashionable Novelties for Ladies' Dress, including Bonnets, Cloaks, Waists, Skirts, Jackets, Wrappers, Suits, Undergarments, Jewelry, Head-dresses, Boys' "Hoses" and Infants' Dresses; New and Elegant Gowns and Embroidery Patterns, Trimmings, Useful Novelties, etc., etc.; Four Life-size Patterns, cut ready for use, combining the most useful, and practical designs for Mothers, Milliners, Dress-makers, and Ladies ever issued.

Published at Mrs. DEMOREST'S Emporium of Fashions, 473 Broadway, N. Y. Yearly. One Dollar, with valuable premiums: single, 25 cts. A splendid chance for lady agents and Extraordinary Premiums for Clubs. N. B. It is the time to subscribe and form clubs. Efficient Local Agents wanted in all places reached by the United States and Canada mails, to whom we offer handsome Premiums. 250 Specimen numbers, Premium 10 cts. &c., sent free to all wishing to benefit their neighbors and community by introducing the paper to more general notice and support. Address: J. S. WOODARD, Rochester, N. Y.

ATTENTION MINNESOTIANS!
D. O'BRIEN,
BEST TANNERY

of Faribault, has just completed the
Sole Leather, Cow Hides, Calf
Skins, Harness Leather, &c.,

which are purely OAK TANNED, and of the best quality, which he is offering for sale CHEAPER than any establishment in the West.

He buys none but the best of Hides and no pains is spared to make his leather compare with the best in market.

He is paying the highest price in

CASH
No. 1 HIDES.

Connected with his Tannery, he has a large and extensive

BOOT & SHOE STORE,
where he keeps every variety of

Shoes, Ladies' Gaiters, Balmors, Boots, &c., Fine & Coarse Boots, of all sizes.

Opposite Republican Office, Main-street, Faribault, Dec. 10th, 1863. 33-17.

Great Bargains and Glad Tidings.
J. P. GURR has located in Rice Lake, where he keeps on hand the best and largest stock of

Dry Goods
ever brought into this place, consisting in part of

SHAWLS, PRINTS, DE LAINES, FLANNELS, HOODS, and everything for family use. Also a large stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,
of all kinds which will be sold at the lowest possible rates. We have on hand a choice selection of FAMILIAR GROCERIES, which defy competition. We keep on hand a good supply of

BOOTS & SHOES, for eighty cents and upwards.
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,
SASH & WINDOW GLASS,
WOODEN WARE,
TIN WARE,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
and everything needed for the comfort and convenience of all. Bear in mind we are not to be undersold by any, and will take for pay all kinds of farm produce. Do not fail to send for it. The full-size address above are worth more than twice its cost.

Rice Lake, Nov. 24th, 1863. 31-47

PROSPECTUS.
1864.
THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly,
It is universally admitted to be the

Best Newspaper Published North-west of Chicago.

By its earnest, fearless and consistent advocacy of the great principles for which the Armies of the Union are contending against the hosts of Slavery, and by its superior enterprise as a Newspaper, it has, in the third year of its publication, reached a circulation DOUBLE THAT OF ANY OTHER JOURNAL IN THE STATE.

The tremendous issues of the contest which is to eliminate in the approaching Presidential Campaign of 1864 - the result of which will decide whether slavery, the mother of Rebellion, shall perish with her infernal offspring, or survive to generate a new progeny of National crimes and disasters - demand that increased effort be put forth to extend the circulation of the

Leading Republican Journal of Minnesota.

Minnesota can be carried next fall by a majority of fifteen thousand for the twin cause of FREEDOM AND THE UNION, if in every city, town and ward the canvass be at once begun by persuading every intelligent voter to

TAKE THE PRESS.

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MARION HARLAND,
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VIRGINIA F. TOWNSEND,
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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

MORTGAGE SALE - Mortgagee - Joseph Evans & Co. Mortgagee - Napoleon B. Hummel. Date of Mortgage - May 28th, A. D. 1859. Mortgage recorded - May 28th, 1859, in the office of Register of Deeds for Steele County, Minnesota, in Book 17 of Mortgages, on page 2. Amount claimed to be due on the debt secured by said mortgage at the date of this notice - one hundred and forty and 10/100 dollars. Description of Mortgaged premises - North half of south west quarter of section thirteen in Township one hundred and forty north and Range No. twenty-one west, in said county of Steele. Default having been made in the payment of said sum and no proceedings at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover said sum or any part thereof - Notice is hereby given that said mortgagee premises will, by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, be sold at public auction at the Register's Office in Owatonna, in said county, on the eighth day of April, A. D. 1864, at two o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount then due on the said mortgage and the costs and disbursements of said sale and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage, to be paid in case of foreclosure. Dated Feb. 25th, 1864. N. A. KENYON, Attorney.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, Fifth Judicial District, District Court, Steele County. Samuel T. Van Brunt, PLE. vs. Andrew Reed, Defendant. Summons, for money against defendant. For payment of money - Heretofore Stamp, 50 cents.

The State of Minnesota, To Andrew Reed the above named defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is this day filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, at Owatonna, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, in Faribault, in the county of Rice and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusively of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars and thirty-five cents with interest thereon from the fifteenth day of November 1863, besides the costs and disbursements of this action. Dated Nov. 27, 1863. LOWELL & MOTT, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Faribault, Rice County, Minn. 42-71.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE - State of Minnesota, County of Rice, in Probate Court. In the matter of the estate of MASTIN M. MILES, deceased. Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court in said matter on the eleventh day of February A. D. 1864, by D. H. Frost, Judge of the Probate Court of said County, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of said deceased, will on the first day of April A. D. 1864, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Register of Deeds in Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State of Minnesota, offer for sale at public vendue, the following described real estate, lying and being in said county of Steele to wit: Lots seven and eight (7 and 8) in block six (6) in Phelps' addition to Owatonna, according to the duly recorded plat thereof. The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. JOHN MILES, Administrator. Dated Owatonna, Feb. 18th 1864. 47-46.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a sum of five hundred (\$500) dollars of principal and interest, which is claimed to be due at this date of this notice, on a certain mortgage bearing date May 1st 1858, executed by Andrew Reed, of Minnesota, to Lucius M. Sargent, of Boston, Mass., and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in the County of Steele, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of June, 1858, at six o'clock P. M., in Book 47 of Mortgages on page 176. No part of the sum above claimed having been paid, and no proceedings either at law or otherwise having been instituted for the recovery thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the Statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises described in said mortgage, to wit: The south west quarter (sw 1/4) of Section No. one (1) in Town No. one hundred and eight (181) north, of Range No. twenty-one west, together with the appurtenances thereto belonging. Said sale will take place at the Sheriff's office, at Owatonna, in said County of Steele, on the first day of April A. D. 1864, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and the costs and disbursements of said sale. Dated Faribault, Rice County, Minnesota, March 10th, 1864. LUCIUS M. SARGENT, Mortgagee. LOWELL & MOTT, Attys for Mortgagee, 46-71.

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The Ovationa Plunderer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.
THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1864.

Pearla Tragedy in Philadelphia.
From the Philadelp. Enquirer, April 1.

The audience assembled last evening at the Continental Theatre, was startled with a tragedy enacted before them and not upon the program. A female was murdered in one of the private boxes. The usual theatrical performance was being given, when three pistol shots, fired in rapid succession, attracted the attention of the audience to the box, crowded at the time with males and females, and one of the latter was seen to fall from her chair, with the blood streaming from a wound in her head.

The story is a short and sad one. Three months ago, Maggie Bar, a German girl 21 years ago, of a pleasing appearance, formerly a "waiter girl" at one of the concert saloons, made the acquaintance of William Howard Mitchell, a young man of her own age. An attachment, very strong and decided on his part, sprang up between them, and the two were pretty constantly in each other's company.

Being of a jealous disposition, Mitchell was continually accusing the girl of infidelity, and his reproaches were received in a light manner, which only further excited his temper. During yesterday Mitchell met one of the female companions of Maggie, and said to her, "I will be the death of her yet." Little heed was paid to this threat.

Last evening Maggie, in company with two female friends, visited the Continental Theatre, and took seats in a private box. The box was soon filled by other visitors, but Maggie paid no particular attention to them. After remaining in the box until 9 o'clock, the door was opened by Mitchell, who inquired of the girl: "I am going to York, will you go with me?" She replied in a half sportive manner, "I don't know."

Mitchell then pulling from his pocket a revolver, aimed it at the girl's breast, exclaiming, "Then I'll be the death of you." The ball took effect in the girl's breast. She screamed, but the sound of her voice had scarcely attracted the attention of the audience, before a second ball had entered her head, and the girl fell from her chair dead. A third shot was fired, but it did not take effect.

There were ten persons in the box at the time, but the whole affair was over before any one could interfere. Officers stationed in the building immediately ran to the box, and officer Sparks, who first entered, encountered Mitchell with the pistol still in his hand. His first exclamation was, "Kill me—she is dead."

Mitchell was at once taken to the Central station house, where he stated that his family lived in Wilmington—that his name was Maguire, and then, turning suddenly to an officer, he enquired, "Is she dead?" "No," he replied, "No." His response was, "Well, I loved her as I loved my own life, and for her I die—telegraph to my father."

Although under the influence of liquor, Mitchell was evidently aware of the full force of his language, and character of the deed he had committed. The bystanders prevented him from making any further admissions while in his somewhat excited state, and he was placed in a cell.

The body of the deceased was also brought to the Central station. As before stated, she is a German by birth, although no indications of her parentage can be observed in her face. She has no relations in this city. She is said to have come from Schuylkill county, where her parents reside.

The Late Owen Lovejoy.
Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, March 26, 1864.
The death of the Hon. Owen Lovejoy, which is announced as having occurred at Brooklyn last night, has caused me to hunt up the subjoined autograph letter, which may be read with interest:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec., 11, '53.
Sir:—I was born January 6, 1811, in the town of Albion, Kennebec county, State of Maine. Labored on a farm until 17 or 18 years of age—taught school to obtain the means of a college education, which I received at Bowdoin. Became Pastor of the Congregational Church at Princeton, Illinois, October, 1833, which I resigned in 1853, period of about 17 years, (it being my first and only change where I proclaimed the everlasting evangel of the fatherhood of God, the sonship of Christ, and the brotherhood of man). In 1854 I was elected to the State Legislature of Illinois; in 1856 was elected to the 35th Congress, and in 1858 to the 36th Congress. O. Lovejoy.

Where is my wife?—A correspondent who has not seen his wife for three weeks asks where she can be found. The lady referred to has been seized with the Sanitary Fair fever and the poor husband complains:

"For two months she was most of the time calling upon persons to solicit their aid for this most deserving charity; and when she was at home I could get no chance to see her, for she was overrun with callers, each one on very important business."

Bundles of all shapes and sizes began to arrive. The garret was already filled with them, and the balance had been stored away in the back parlor. But my wife was so earnest (she is positively bewitching in her enthusiasm) that I hadn't the heart to refuse, so I went to work and helped to carry the bundles in the house and store them where she wished. When the job was finished, I was glad to retire, though I had not read my paper. My wife—have you seen her?"

The bereaved husband heard of his wife at the committee-rooms and elsewhere, but can't get a sight of her. The poor fellow says:

"I have hung about the Sanitary Fair building in hopes of seeing her, but in vain. Everybody has seen her, but nobody can tell where she is. Once I thought I caught a glimpse of her dress whirling around the corner of the street, and I started to run, but I had to give up the chase. I got very much out of breath, still I wouldn't have minded it so much if I had only found my wife. Have you seen her?"

Everybody has—except her husband. My friends meet me and congratulate me so warmly on the achievements of my wife, that I can't help blushing with martial pride, and when I inquire if they have seen her, I get the same answer: "Why, of course we have. She is everywhere. How very strange that you have not met her!" Well, I suppose I must give up all hopes of seeing her until the Fair closes. Three weeks more without a wife! Perhaps I may meet her at the Fair; but I don't count much upon that."

Delightful wife!

A WORD ABOUT CHAIRS.—An eminent physician, speaking of our chairs, remarks that they are too high and too nearly horizontal. We slide forward, and our spines ache. The seats should be fifteen or sixteen inches high in front for men, and from eight to fourteen inches for men and women. Back part of the seat should be from one to three inches lower than the front part. This last is very important. The depth of the seat from front to back should be the same as in height. The chair is likewise a philosophical. The part which meets the small of the back should project furthest forward. Instead of this, at that point there is generally a hollow; this is the cause of much pain and weakness in the small of the back. The present seats produce discomfort, round shoulders and other distortions.—Rural New Yorker.

LEAD IS A POISON.—Every family should decline using vessels lined with lead for cooking or keeping provisions in, also the use of this metal for the conveyance of water will dissolve the inside of the pipe without the presence of some protecting salt, which forms an insoluble coating and prevents further action; even then there is danger. If you already have lead pipe, the simplest precaution is always to draw off the water contained in it before saving any for use. There is also too much imprudence among the working class with regard to this poison; the painters in their use of white lead and litharge, plumbers eating with hands soiled by particles of this metal, also in the manufacture of glazed cards, glazed earthenware &c.—B.

SAVE YOUR CURRANT BUSHES.—For several years I have been in the habit of setting out a few currant cuttings every spring. Three years ago, when the currant worm commenced its ravages in this region, I noticed that my cuttings and one year old plants were not troubled. Now, it takes but little foresight to see that if I continue the practice as long as the worms continue their ravages, I shall come out ahead, and these that have their bushes nearly destroyed can probably find some sprouts of last year's growth, from which to take cuttings this spring, and thus save their stock.—B.

H. H. DROST, JR.

Two men named Jeremiah Earnest and Thomas Miller, of Arkansas, were hanged on the 18th ult., at Little Rock, for causelessly hanging Union men last summer. A fair and impartial trial was allowed them, and every opportunity afforded them to establish their innocence of the murder, but their guilt was beyond controversy.

NEWS ITEMS.

The expenditure of France has now risen considerably above that of Great Britain. The usual English budget is about £70,000,000 sterling. The French expenditure this year will be about £92,000,000.

It having been denied that Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, had prepared a reasonable message, advising armed resistance to the proposed draft of negroes in the State, the Rev. Robert Breckinridge now states that he saw the proof of the document, and that it was in type ready to be printed and issued.

The lunatic who harangued the President, claiming to have been elected President in 1856, is said to be Pratt, "the great American traveler."

At Parkersburg, Virginia, oil wells have been struck, yielding from six hundred to one thousand barrels per day. The excitement is very great in consequence, and every man in the place thinks he has an oil well in his cellar.

A woman near Erie, Pennsylvania, last Wednesday, locked up her three children in the house alone, and went visiting. During her absence the house took fire and the children were burned up.

A terrible tragedy has occurred in Jefferson County, Ky. Two friends, Heybeck and Frank, had been strolling in the garden of the former, who cut some vine slips for the other. They then went into the parlor. The first intimation the family had of anything unusual was the spectacle of Heybeck, fleeing from the house, bleeding, Frank, with a large bowie knife, being in pursuit. Frank overtook the other, stabbed him thrice in the throat, killing him on the spot, and then cut his own throat so fearfully, that he instantly died. The cause of the quarrel is not known and never, perhaps, will be.

A Washington special to the New York Tribune, dated March 30th, says:

The exceedingly sharp debate in the Senate today between Senators Wilkinson and Sherman was not the expression of any personal unkindness between them. Its significance is that radical policy has at last got the upper hand in the Senate. Of this policy there has not been in either branch of Congress a more persistent and unflinching advocate than Mr. Wilkinson of Minnesota.

A letter from Matamoros says that the planters in Texas have lately had the half of their wagons and teams seized by the order of Magruder. They were paid for in Confederate paper at such a rate as would not supply even the iron used in their construction. They have been much discouraged by this and other matters, and in consequence have planted no more cotton, and only corn enough to produce bread for themselves, their families and slaves. Confederate paper, when it passes at all in Texas, and it has long ceased to be current in the valley of the Rio Grande, goes at three cents per dollar.

It has been decided by a court martial in Missouri that the testimony of colored witnesses is admissible.

A Post office has been established at Swan Lake, Fairbault county, and Henry Fehner appointed postmaster.

Last week eighteen inches of snow fell in the Southern part of the State of Delaware—an unusual occurrence for latitude so far South—and showing that they had more severe weather there than we had in this latitude.

The appointment of the Governor of the new Territory of Montana has been conferred upon Hon. Joseph C. McKibben, late of California. The other officers of the Territory will be appointed in a few days.

It is stated in last informed circles that Mrs. J. Todd White, the sister of Mrs. Lincoln, did pass through our lines for Richmond & a Fortress Monroe with three large trunks containing medicines and merchandise, so that the chuckling of the rebel press over her safe transit with rebel uniforms and buttons of gold was founded in truth. Gen. Butler is not wont to be a "respector of persons" and it is considered here a legitimate inquiry why he permitted this woman to pass to the enemy with her great quantity of contraband property when he arrested all others.

A New Haven paper publishes a report that, at a place on the line of the Nagsatuck Railroad, last Sunday, a lady was buried, against the protests of an intelligent physician, who declared she was not dead. The lady was taken ill last week, and shortly fell into a trance or sleep in which she continued three days. At the end of that time, it is said, a physician pronounced her dead, although her body was still warm, and perspiration visible between the shoulders, and she was therefore buried.

A New Haven gentleman was doing the agreeable to "a matronly lady," not over young, at a Fair Haven hotel, last Tuesday evening, when his wife called. She spilled one of the hot whiskies he was carrying to her ladyship, on the floor, threw the other in his face, and then gave "the lioness such a thrashing that she expressed a desire to go home to her parents on the first boat."

France is paying nearly half a million sterling per month for the support of her armies in Mexico.

Gold was sold on the 11th, at sixteen for one, according to the Mobile Register. In Richmond, on the 18th, the rate was more than twenty for one.

In the senate on the 6th, Powell's motion to incorporate in the Constitution an amendment that the President shall hold office for six years, and be eligible for re-election, were 12 yeas and 32 nays. The yeas were Brown, Davis, Foster, Grimes, Hendricks, Pomeroy, Powell, Riddle, Salsbury, Wade and Wilkinson. Other Senators, including Trumbull and Willey, indicated that they might vote for the proposition under other circumstances, but would not cumber the slavery-abolishing amendment.

Gold bonds upward almost every day. Yesterday it closed at 75 to 75½ which is higher than it has been since the commencement of the war.

REMARKS FROM CORRESPONDENT.

HARTFORD, Tuesday, April 5.—We have returns from all but three towns in the State: New-Fairfield, Chester, and Roxbury. The footings are Buckingham, 38,445; Seymour 32,834; Buckingham, 5,541. The Senate is eighteen Union to three Democrats; the House is one hundred and fifty eight Union to seven-two Democrats, thus giving the Union party two-thirds of the Legislature, which secures an amendment to the Constitution, allowing soldiers to vote.

MEMPHIS, April 6.

Vicksburg advises of the 31 state that the rebels attacked Rothes plantation at 2 o'clock on Friday morning. The plantation is situated seven miles above Snyder's Bluff, an Yazoo river, and one of the largest in the State. It had extensive cotton works, and a splendid building, all of which were destroyed. Four negroes and a child were burned in the buildings.

The 1st Mississippi cavalry (colored) six hundred strong, quartered near the plantation and maintained a fight with the rebels until 8 o'clock in the morning, when they charged and repulsed the enemy, numbering 1,500 strong.

Our loss was 16 killed. The rebel loss is unknown, but 73 killed and wounded were left in our hands. The plantation had been leased by government and was being extensively worked.

NEW YORK, April 10.

The steamer Morning Star from New Orleans the 21, has arrived here via Havana 5th. Now Orleans papers contain nothing additional of the battle at Canan river.

Other intelligence received via Cairo says the President has recognized Go. Hahn as the civil Governor of Louisiana, and has conferred on him the powers of military Governor. These powers are doubtless intended to be temporary, and to be drawn as soon as the people have adopted a State constitution.

The steamers Admiral and Mississippi arrived at Key West on the 31, reporting heavy weather. The latter lost large numbers of horses.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1864.—Some two months ago two men were found guilty of murder in this city, and sentenced to be hung on the first of April. Meanwhile the Marshal of the district, who ex officio Jack Ketch, was legislated out of a part of his functions by the appointment of a jailer, whose duties are prescribed by Congress, without naming the carrying of the death-penalty into execution among them. When the first of April arrived, it was found that there was no officer in commission upon whom the unpleasant duty of hanging the criminals devolved. The Marshal maintained that it was the jailer's business, and the jailer said it was the marshal's; and the matter was finally referred to Mr. Bates, decided that as matters stood, it was the duty of neither. The President then commuted the sentence of the prisoners to imprisonment for life. So there are two men in the Albany Penitentiary to-day who owe the lengthening of their days on earth to the non-existence of a duly authorized hangman.

REMEMBER LOR'S WIFE.—The wife of John Lor, residing in Mühlenburg county, Kentucky, has furnished her quota. A few days since she gave birth to four bouncing boys. Less than eleven months ago she gave birth to twins.

CAIRO, April 9.
Returns of the election for Judge of the Southern District of Illinois are indicative of the election of Lewis Ham-mock, over Judge Mulkey, [Dem.] by 63 majority.

Two weeks ago a man named Stuart was robbed and murdered in his own house in White county, Illinois, by men disguised as negroes.

The murderer was tracked over 70 miles to the house of George Aiken, Williamson county. Aiken was treated and his captors started to return with him, and are reported to have hung him, being convinced of his guilt. A large lot of soldiers clothing was found in his house, which the gang used when on robbing and murdering expedition. They are believed to have murdered several Union men in Williamson county. Aiken was formerly Quartermaster and Sheriff of Williamson county.

WASHINGTON, April 9.

[Special to Post].—The Republican members of Congress are confident the Constitutional amendment prohibiting Slavery, will receive a two-thirds vote in the House.

The tax bill will not be ready till Tuesday.

[Special to Commercial].—Special orders issued preparatory to active operations in the Army of the Potomac, have produced a decided sensation among the soldiers and camp-followers. Officers have begun sending surplus baggage to Washington.

INDIAN PRISONERS.—On Monday the party of Sioux Indians spoken of in last week's paper as being on their way down, reached the Sauk River crossing and camped near the bridge, about three miles from this place.

The party consisted of 21 men, 32 squaws and 38 children—in all 91. They go as prisoners to Fort Snelling, where they will doubtless be fattened up, clothed and set at liberty when in good condition. They all belong to the bands engaged in the massacres, except one, a Sisseton. Among the number are two brothers-in-law of Little Crow.—St. Cloud Democrat.

7th

THE HEADQUARTERS FOR
Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, &c.,
is at the HOOSIER STORE, Ovationa, Minnesota.
HOPKINS & BLISS have just received a very large stock of NEW GOODS of all descriptions and are now offering them at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Come every body and examine Goods and Prices. We take all kinds of Produce in exchange for goods.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1864.—Some two months ago two men were found guilty of murder in this city, and sentenced to be hung on the first of April. Meanwhile the Marshal of the district, who ex officio Jack Ketch, was legislated out of a part of his functions by the appointment of a jailer, whose duties are prescribed by Congress, without naming the carrying of the death-penalty into execution among them. When the first of April arrived, it was found that there was no officer in commission upon whom the unpleasant duty of hanging the criminals devolved. The Marshal maintained that it was the jailer's business, and the jailer said it was the marshal's; and the matter was finally referred to Mr. Bates, decided that as matters stood, it was the duty of neither. The President then commuted the sentence of the prisoners to imprisonment for life. So there are two men in the Albany Penitentiary to-day who owe the lengthening of their days on earth to the non-existence of a duly authorized hangman.

REMEMBER LOR'S WIFE.—The wife of John Lor, residing in Mühlenburg county, Kentucky, has furnished her quota. A few days since she gave birth to four bouncing boys. Less than eleven months ago she gave birth to twins.

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J. Hough,
WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at
Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Ovationa.
All work executed with dispatch, and warranted to perform.

J. H. WINTER. D. N. RUSSELL.

Winter & Russell,

AT THE

Metropolitan Store, on Third Street,

Have received direct from Boston,

THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

And hereafter will be constantly in receipt of new

SPRING GOODS,

DIRECT FROM EASTERN MARKETS.

THEY OFFER

RARE BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS

STAPLE AND FANCY

consists in part of

Shooting, Shirts, Stripes, Checks, Denims, Tickings, Cottonades, Jeans, Linseys, Cassimeres, Bookings, Broad Cloths, Clunkings, Sattinets, Kersays, Flannels, Cotton & Woollen, Tweeds and Plantation Cloths,

PRINTS, ALPACAS, GINGHAMS, THIBETTS, DE LAINES, PLAIDS, MEUNOES, PARAMATTAS, REPS, WORSTED, GOODS, of all kinds!!

THE GEMS OF THE SEASON.

Hoop Skirts

AND

BALMORALS.

MOURNING GOODS!

Our stock of Mourning Goods is full and complete, of every desirable style, quality and price! CRAPES, GINGHAMS, DE LAINES, SILKS, WORSTED, &c., &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR COLD WEATHER!

CLOTHING!

If the next Draft don't exceed 600,000, we can clothe the whole army.

OVER COATS.

of every quality and grade for winter.

UNDER COATS.

of every style and material!

PANTS AND VESTS

of latest fashions and every desirable material for winter wear.

BLACK DRESS SUITS!

As there has always been a want of care in the selection of good Clothing by purchasers for this market, we would inform the public that we have taken pains to purchase the VERY BEST quality and workmanship.

Boots & Shoes

FOR ALL!!

From the smallest boy baby to the largest overgrown man!! Among which are LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS—Cloth, Kid and d. Morocco, plain and tipped, and all other kinds.

BABIES' CHILDRENS AND MISSES' SLIPS, SHOES, BOOTS, GAITERS, BALMORALS & LACED BOOTS.

of superior quality and workmanship, and selected with special reference to the wants of this community.

HATS & CAPS

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Scott, McCallan, Borside, Kossuth, Old Braine, Bowlers, Grant and Honest Old Abe Hats and Caps, French and American Manufacture!

Gloves and Mittens

BUCK SKIN, BEAVER SKIN, SHEEP SKIN, SEAL SKIN, KID SKIN, COTTON, OTTER SKIN, WOOLEN—Lined and Unlined, large and small!

HOSIERY

For the Multitude!

Groceries

By the WHOLESALE, of every description.

HARDWARE!

A complete assortment, AXES, from the best manufacturers. Crockery, Glassware and Kerosene Lamps!

A new and complete assortment.

All the above with other articles too numerous to mention, will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.

THE HIGHEST PRICE

allowed for all kinds of

Country Produce

Agents for the Grand de Tour

PLOW.

teadily the best in use.

PRICE LIST.
American Steel, - - - \$14 25
do D. S. - - - 13 25
Cast Steel, - - - 12 25
Cast do D. S. - - - 11 25
German Steel, D. S., - - - 10 25

Each Plow warranted in all cases, and if not a recommendation the money will be invariably refunded.

WINTER & RUSSELL.
J. H. WINTER. D. N. RUSSELL.
Fairbairn, Nov. 19th, 1863.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

HOME INTELLIGENCE.

POST OFFICE HOURS.—Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M., week days, and from 12 M. to 1 P. M. on Sundays.
W. H. WADSWORTH, P. M.

J. B. HOOKER sold three lots yesterday, near Dr. HANNA's dwelling, for \$200.

Most of our merchants are expecting to leave next week for the east to buy their spring stock of goods.

The weather during the last week has been anything but agreeable. Dry and cold winds have prevailed almost continually.

The May number of *Peterson* has arrived in good season, cheering many a disconsolate heart and filling the eye with expressions of joy.

Our citizens will remember the Social at Morford's Hall next Tuesday evening. A good time and a friendly interview is anticipated.

Rev. Mr. DEAN, of Iowa, is expected here in about two weeks to assume the pastoral duties of one of the Baptist churches in this town.

DURBY & SNELL have purchased the Store and lot east of the Post Office of A. N. STROUTON for \$300, and design establishing a Meat Market in a few days.

Mrs. M. J. MYNICK has leased the rooms over GARDNER & CHASE'S Drug Store for a Millinery Shop, and will be here in two weeks with her goods. She has now gone east for a full supply.

A. M. KING, of Winona, has purchased the lot and building on Bridge Street, formerly owned by J. WILSON, for \$900, and will continue the Blacksmithing business at the old stand.

J. F. HANNA has bought the warehouse formerly belonging to A. N. STROUTON for \$200, and designs moving it on Dr. HANNA's lot west of Dr. WALKER's, on the south side of Main Street, for a Cabinet Warehouse.

W. H. KELLY is petitioning to have Main Street extended directly east through his land over the hill. This will make a decided improvement to Main Street, and make some desirable building lots, which he is intending for that purpose.

A number of teams started last Monday for Idaho, and the balance will leave next Monday. We shall be disappointed if all return loaded with the precious metal. It is like a lottery, and all cannot get the prize. We wish them all success and a pleasant journey.

J. S. WOODARD, of Rochester, is now receiving a large and extensive assortment of Drugs & Medicines, Books and Paper, Stationery, &c., which he is selling as cheap as can be bought in the west. Persons going to Rochester will do well to give him a call, on Broadway, in the "City Post" brick block.

J. W. DRESSER will have his new store, on Bridge Street, completed in about two weeks. It is a very large and commodious building, and a desirable location. Any person wishing to start business in town on a large scale can be accommodated with this building if they apply soon. He will rent it or take a partner, who is well posted in the Dry Goods Department. No better point can be found in the State to do a large and heavy business.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, last Saturday evening, the matter of the school in Owatonna, decided by a united vote to divide the schools for the present year into three distinct terms. The first term to commence on the 2nd day of May and continue ten weeks; the second term to commence on the 5th day of September and last ten weeks; and the third term to commence on the 5th day of December and continue three months. They also voted unanimously to call the people together next Saturday for the purpose of leveling the grounds around the School House. It was resolved that the present Directors be requested to purchase fourteen cords of good wood immediately for the use of said schools next fall and winter and adjoins.

We hope our townsmen will remember that next Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M. they will all meet at the gravel bank at the Old Mill, the other side of the river with teams and shovels for the purpose of filling up around the School House. There is not a person in the town but what is interested in having the School House made accessible to the children and others of the place without going over shovels in mud and water to get into the building. Nothing will make a worse impression on strangers visiting our town than to see our public building neglected and unready for, and nothing is more injurious to our children than to have them go into the School Room with wet feet and sit in that condition for half a day at a time. It engenders disease that will follow them for years and bring them to a premature grave. Let us all turn out and it will be easily done and prove a blessing to each and all concerned.

New Advertisements.

NEW SADDLE AND HARNESS SHOP.

I am now ready to manufacture Saddles & Harness cheaper than can be bought in Hastings or any other place in Southern Minnesota and hope by strict attention to business to receive a share of public patronage. Repeating done on short notice.

Shop one door west of Dr. HANNA's Drug Store.
GRAINTAKEN for WORK
S. R. ANDERSON,
Owatonna, April 14th, 1864.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—State of Minnesota, County of Rice, ss. In Probate Court. In the matter of the estate of Martin Miles deceased. Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter on the eleventh day of February, A. D. 1864, by D. H. Frost, Judge of the Probate Court of said Rice County, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of said deceased, will on the fifth (5th) day of May A. D. 1864, at one o'clock in the afternoon, in the office of the Register of Deeds, in Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State of Minnesota, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate lying and being in said County of Steele to wit: Lots seven and eight (7 and 8) in block six (6) in Phelps' addition to Owatonna, according to the daily recorded plat thereof. The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. Dated Owatonna, April 13th 1864.
JOHN MILES, Administrator.

FURS! FURS! FURS!!!
Wanted, for Cash, all kinds of shipping furs, for which the highest market price will be paid, by
JOHN C. HUNTER,
Wilton, October 6th, 1863.

Hallo! Mr.,

Have you heard the News!

Pepper & Clements have dissolved

And Wm. Pepper is at his old stand in the MEAT MARKET BUSINESS

Where he will keep constantly on hand the best quality of Beef and all other kinds of meat. We buy only such

Beef Cattle

for our market as are of the best quality and can but give entire satisfaction to our customers. We are renovating our Market and are determined not to be surpassed by any other shop of this kind in the country. We have all kinds of

Vegetables

constantly on hand for the comfort and convenience of our patrons, as well as

CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, &c.

All persons having of us can have their packages delivered anywhere in town free of charge. We are keeping large quantities of everything in our line on hand and can supply in or out of the county on the shortest notice. Our Market will be conducted agreeable to the most improved style. All kinds of

WORKING CATTLE, MILCH COWS, &c.

Owatonna, Oct. 22d, 1863. WM. PEPPER, 254

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Mrs. Magoon

Takes pleasure in saying to the ladies of Owatonna and vicinity that she has received her Fall Stock of

Millinery and Dress Goods.

Consisting in part of

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

FLOWERS,

RIBBONS,

HATS, latest styles,

BALMORALS,

CLOAKS and

CLOAKINGS.

Also a great variety of

HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,

together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Tendering her grateful thanks for past patronage she desires all to call and examine her new stock, at the old stand, Batchelder's block, Main-st.

Faribault, Minn., October 15th, 63. 254

OWATONNA SELECT SCHOOL.

The second term of this institution will commence on Monday the 18th day of April 1864 and continue eleven weeks.

Terms: Common English, \$3.50; Higher, \$4.50.

Tuition to be paid in advance.

Gratuities for past patronage, the future cooperation of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. A. BARWOOD, Principal.

WINONA & ST. PETER R. R.

On and after Tuesday, February 23d, 1864, an

Accommodation train

will run as follows:

Leave Winona at 7 A. M.

Arriving at St. Charles at 9:30 A. M.

Returning, leave St. Charles at 2:30 P. M.

Arriving at Winona at 4:15 P. M.

Stages leave St. Charles daily for Chatfield, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, Faribault, Verdell, and intermediate points, and at Winona for St. Paul and La Crosse connecting with Milwaukee and St. Paul Railways for all points East and South. (15) JOHN NEWELL, Superintendent

DRUG STORE.

Dr. D. S. HANNA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well-selected stock of

Drugs, Medicines, &c., ALSO

HOW'S & STEVEN'S CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors,

Strictly for medicinal purposes, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price.

Owatonna, May 14th 1863. D. S. HANNA.

PICTURES! PICTURES!

The undersigned having permanently located in the village of Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn., would respectfully announce to the people thereof and surrounding counties, that he is now prepared to furnish them with true and correct

Likenesses

of themselves and friends. Either

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, OR

any other style of portraits known to the photographic fraternity. Having been in the business for many years in New York he feels confident in assuring the public in this vicinity that his work is

AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

Consequently has not the least doubt of giving entire satisfaction to all that favor him with their patronage. Room (at present) Morford's Hall, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn.

E. R. FENNO.

Gardner & Chase,

SUCCESSOR to S. W. Hastings, Dealer in

Drugs, Dye Stuffs, Dye Colors, Yankee Notions, &c., at Dr. M. Marchant's old stand, south side of Main-street, Owatonna, Minnesota.

Faribault, Jan. 21st, 1864. 30m2

SPRING GOODS

LATEST STYLES

will soon be received at

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

selected by MR. LEAVENS, who has now gone east.

No pains will be spared to furnish our Customers with the

BEST QUALITIES AND STYLES.

G. F. BATCHELDER.

ALL GOODS

AT

Lowest prices

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

IN DRY GOODS,

IN DRY GOODS,

ROOTS & SHOES,

ROOTS & SHOES,

GLOVES & MITTENS,

GLOVES & MITTENS,

HARDWARE,

HARDWARE,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

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GOOD NEWS AND NEW GOODS!

B. Chambers

has purchased of McCoy & Harmon their entire stock of Groceries, &c., and has recently arrived from the east, where he has bought a

Large and Select

lot of

Groceries

of all kinds of winter supply. He is selling as low as at any point in this section of the country, and giving more for all kinds of

FARM PRODUCTION.

Any person wanting a first rate quality of Kerosene Oil, go to

Do you desire a fine article of French Mustard? Go to

Are you wishing to buy excellent sugars and syrups, very low? Go to

Do you feel like drinking a pure dish of Chocolate? Go and buy it at

Is your appetite rather delicate? Go to

and get a nice Sugar Cured Ham.

Are you looking for some Fresh Can Peaches? You will find them at

Are your Wash Tubs, Pails, or Brooms worn out? Go and buy a new one at

When you wish to lay in for your family a winter supply of the best Groceries that can be had, go to

on Main-street, one door east of the Post Office.

Owatonna, Nov. 19th, 1863. 30-4f.

PEACE

Declared

WITH ALL WHO BUY THEIR

GOODS

For Cash

OF MORFORD & WILLEY.

The way to make money is to save it, and the way to save it is to buy your goods of MORFORD & WILLEY, where you will find all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

FOOTS & SHOE

HATS & CAPS,

YANKEE NOTIONS, &c.

All kinds of grain taken in exchange.

MORFORD & WILLEY

Owatonna May 21st 1863 41-4f

THE LATEST NEWS.

J. B. CROOKER & BRO.

would respectfully announce to the public generally that they are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

such as BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, PRINTS, and all kinds of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c.

all of which they are selling as low as at any other place in the county and will not be undersold by any dealer in their line. Call and examine their stock, as no charges are made for showing goods. Cash on trade.

Constantly on hand, a made to order on the shortest notice. We say to the farmers bring on your

BOOTS & SHOES

GRAIN

and other productions and we will give you more goods for them than you can get for cash in other places. Remember the place, one door east of the County Office Building, on Bridge-street.

CROOKER & BROTHER.

Owatonna, Oct. 29th, 1863. 27-4f.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

EVERYBODY REJOICING!

NEW

Blacksmith Shop!

The undersigned has procured the services of

BEST HORSE SHOERS

ever in Steele County, and has opened a shop at

J. P. SHERMAN'S OLD STAND,

two doors east of the Post Office, where he will be found ready to attend to the

Shoeing of Horses,

in a manner superior to any shop ever before opened in this county.

Interfering Horses

will be shod in such a manner as to entirely obviate the difficulty.

This shop, although designed entirely for Horse Shoeing, yet

will be done on short notice, if not interfering with that business. All kinds of

MARKETABLE GRAIN

taken for pay at the Market Price.

S. H. PATTERSON.

Owatonna, March 3d, 1864. 40-4f.

HO TO THE AFFLICTED!

Gardner & Chase

have just purchased the

formerly owned by C. W. Hastings, where we shall keep constantly on hand all kinds of

MEDICINES,

CHOICE CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

GLASSWARE,

PAIS DRUGS,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

PURE WINES & LIQUORS for Medical

purposes.

KEROSENE OIL,

SEGARS,

and all kinds of

Groceries,

all of which we propose to sell cheaper than can be bought in this market.

ALL ARTICLES WARRANTED GENUINE.

Store on Main-st., one door west of the Post Office

Owatonna, February 4th, 1864. 41-4f.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Still They Come! Still They Come!!

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

VOLUME 1.

OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1864.

NUMBER 52.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna, Steele County, Minn.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

Office on Bridge Street, fourth door west of County Office Building.

TERMS: \$1.50 per annum, in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, of ten lines, or less, one insertion, 1.00
Each subsequent insertion, .50
One square, one month, 2.00
One square, three months, 4.00
One square, six months, 6.00
One square, one year, 10.00
One quarter column, three months, 10.00
One quarter column, six months, 15.00
One quarter column, one year, 25.00
One half column, one year, 40.00
Business cards of five lines, or less, one year, 5.00
Legal notices will be inserted at 75 cts. a line for the first insertion, and 37 1/2 cts. a line for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before publication.

Advertisements not accompanied with written directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

OWATONNA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

R. C. Ambler, Attorney & Counsellor at Law, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn. Office one door west of Dr. Harsh's.

W. R. Kinyon, Attorney & Counsellor at Law in all the Courts of this State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes, Provisions, Bounties, etc. Office 21 door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14th, 1863.

H. Willson & Co., Bankers, Dealers in Exchange, Land, War-rants, and Money Lended on approved security. Fairbanks, Minnesota. Money received on deposit. Prompt attention will be given to the collection of Notes and Drafts, remitting on day of payment, less current rates of exchange and actual expenses incurred.

W. H. Wadsworth, Dealer in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc. Paper-hangings, Stationery, Yankee Notch &c. &c. Owatonna, Minnesota.

Hopkins & Bussey, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Wooden Ware, &c. &c. Dealer of all kinds taken in exchange.

D. S. Harsh, Dealer in Groceries, Choice Chemicals, Patent Medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Benjamin Chambers, Dealer in Groceries, Groceries, and all other articles usually found at a family supply store, at the old stand of Strout & Co. Wadsworth, Owatonna, Minnesota.

J. M. Williams, Dentist, 1 hat worked. Dentistry twenty years. Knows that teeth can be saved. Broken in time. No charge. No pain. No trouble. No cost. No risk. No danger. No loss. No harm. No pain. No trouble. No cost. No risk. No danger. No loss. No harm.

James & Opplicher, Dealers in Groceries, Groceries, and all other articles usually found at a family supply store, at the old stand of Strout & Co. Wadsworth, Owatonna, Minnesota.

Crocker & Brother, Dealers in Groceries, Groceries, and all other articles usually found at a family supply store, at the old stand of Strout & Co. Wadsworth, Owatonna, Minnesota.

E. V. Hines, Dealer in Groceries, Groceries, and all other articles usually found at a family supply store, at the old stand of Strout & Co. Wadsworth, Owatonna, Minnesota.

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SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES.

List of lands and town lots situated in the county of Steele, and State of Minnesota, upon which the taxes remain due and unpaid for the year 1863.

AURORA-Town 105, Range 10.

Description.	Sec.	Description.	Sec.
15 e 1/2 s 1/2	15	15 e 1/2 s 1/2	15
16 e 1/2 s 1/2	16	16 e 1/2 s 1/2	16
17 e 1/2 s 1/2	17	17 e 1/2 s 1/2	17
18 e 1/2 s 1/2	18	18 e 1/2 s 1/2	18
19 e 1/2 s 1/2	19	19 e 1/2 s 1/2	19
20 e 1/2 s 1/2	20	20 e 1/2 s 1/2	20
21 e 1/2 s 1/2	21	21 e 1/2 s 1/2	21
22 e 1/2 s 1/2	22	22 e 1/2 s 1/2	22
23 e 1/2 s 1/2	23	23 e 1/2 s 1/2	23
24 e 1/2 s 1/2	24	24 e 1/2 s 1/2	24
25 e 1/2 s 1/2	25	25 e 1/2 s 1/2	25
26 e 1/2 s 1/2	26	26 e 1/2 s 1/2	26
27 e 1/2 s 1/2	27	27 e 1/2 s 1/2	27
28 e 1/2 s 1/2	28	28 e 1/2 s 1/2	28
29 e 1/2 s 1/2	29	29 e 1/2 s 1/2	29
30 e 1/2 s 1/2	30	30 e 1/2 s 1/2	30
31 e 1/2 s 1/2	31	31 e 1/2 s 1/2	31
32 e 1/2 s 1/2	32	32 e 1/2 s 1/2	32
33 e 1/2 s 1/2	33	33 e 1/2 s 1/2	33
34 e 1/2 s 1/2	34	34 e 1/2 s 1/2	34
35 e 1/2 s 1/2	35	35 e 1/2 s 1/2	35
36 e 1/2 s 1/2	36	36 e 1/2 s 1/2	36
37 e 1/2 s 1/2	37	37 e 1/2 s 1/2	37
38 e 1/2 s 1/2	38	38 e 1/2 s 1/2	38
39 e 1/2 s 1/2	39	39 e 1/2 s 1/2	39
40 e 1/2 s 1/2	40	40 e 1/2 s 1/2	40
41 e 1/2 s 1/2	41	41 e 1/2 s 1/2	41
42 e 1/2 s 1/2	42	42 e 1/2 s 1/2	42
43 e 1/2 s 1/2	43	43 e 1/2 s 1/2	43
44 e 1/2 s 1/2	44	44 e 1/2 s 1/2	44
45 e 1/2 s 1/2	45	45 e 1/2 s 1/2	45
46 e 1/2 s 1/2	46	46 e 1/2 s 1/2	46
47 e 1/2 s 1/2	47	47 e 1/2 s 1/2	47
48 e 1/2 s 1/2	48	48 e 1/2 s 1/2	48
49 e 1/2 s 1/2	49	49 e 1/2 s 1/2	49
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67 e 1/2 s 1/2	67	67 e 1/2 s 1/2	67
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69 e 1/2 s 1/2	69	69 e 1/2 s 1/2	69
70 e 1/2 s 1/2	70	70 e 1/2 s 1/2	70
71 e 1/2 s 1/2	71	71 e 1/2 s 1/2	71
72 e 1/2 s 1/2	72	72 e 1/2 s 1/2	72
73 e 1/2 s 1/2	73	73 e 1/2 s 1/2	73
74 e 1/2 s 1/2	74	74 e 1/2 s 1/2	74
75 e 1/2 s 1/2	75	75 e 1/2 s 1/2	75
76 e 1/2 s 1/2	76	76 e 1/2 s 1/2	76
77 e 1/2 s 1/2	77	77 e 1/2 s 1/2	77
78 e 1/2 s 1/2	78	78 e 1/2 s 1/2	78
79 e 1/2 s 1/2	79	79 e 1/2 s 1/2	79
80 e 1/2 s 1/2	80	80 e 1/2 s 1/2	80
81 e 1/2 s 1/2	81	81 e 1/2 s 1/2	81
82 e 1/2 s 1/2	82	82 e 1/2 s 1/2	82
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94 e 1/2 s 1/2	94	94 e 1/2 s 1/2	94
95 e 1/2 s 1/2	95	95 e 1/2 s 1/2	95
96 e 1/2 s 1/2	96	96 e 1/2 s 1/2	96
97 e 1/2 s 1/2	97	97 e 1/2 s 1/2	97
98 e 1/2 s 1/2	98	98 e 1/2 s 1/2	98
99 e 1/2 s 1/2	99	99 e 1/2 s 1/2	99
100 e 1/2 s 1/2	100	100 e 1/2 s 1/2	100

Town 106, Range 10.

War Tax of 1862:		
Description.	Sec.	Description.
n 105, Range 19.	1	e 1/2 ne 1/4
	do	e 1/2 s 1/4
sw 1/4	2	sw 1/4 se 1/4
ne 1/4	2	e 1/2 sw 1/4
	do	ne 1/4
	do	Town 106, Range
	do	n 1/2 nw 1/4
	do	se 1/4
	do	w 1/2 nw 1/4
se 1/4	3	se 1/4
se 1/4	3	ne 1/4
	do	sw 1/4
sw 1/4	4	n 1/2 se 1/4
se 1/4	4	w 1/2 ne 1/4
	9	e 1/2 ne qr
sw 1/4	10	w 1/2 nw qr
ne 1/4	11	w 1/2 s 1/2 qr
ne 1/4	do	se qr
sw 1/4	12	e 1/2 nw qr
	12	n 1/2 s 1/2 qr

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.
THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1863.

CLOSE OF THE FIRST VOLUME.

With this number closes the first volume of the Owatonna Plaindealer.

Our object has been in the past, and will be in the future, in our feeble way, to harmonize conflicting opinions, and make us a united people in all our political transactions, that we may gather strength by our united efforts in supporting a government that has been the delight and admiration of all people in every clime who are friendly to humanity and to the onward progress of civilization in the world. Politically the interest and prosperity of our beloved country has been our chief delight, and our town and county next.

As long as Heaven shall grant us power to wield a pen, it will be devoted to the overthrow of the wicked counsels of tyrants and traitors, and enemies to a Republican form of government.

Through the year that has passed, we have the consoling reflection that in all cases we have endeavored to do justice to our patrons, and in all things desired their prosperity and happiness.

Knowing that imperfection is the lot of mortals, we have no reason to hope for perfection until we are perfected by being clothed with immortality, and transplanted in the Celestial clime. Believing thus, we cannot reasonably hope that our frail sheet will meet the approbation of all, yet while we are permitted to publish a newspaper among you we shall take a lively interest in the prosperity of our town and county.

In conclusion allow us to tender thanks and gratitude to the citizens of Owatonna and throughout the county, for the liberal patronage during the last year that they have bestowed upon their county paper, and in view of the past we are encouraged to look forward to the future with joyous anticipations of higher and more noble attainments.

FORT PILLOW MASSACRE.

Our readers must be shocked at the barbarities perpetrated by the rebel Gen. Buford after our forces surrendered at Fort Pillow. After they had got possession of the Fort, they indiscriminately commenced the murdering of men, women and children. Their conduct was more like devils direct from hell, than that of Arabs. The Indian Massacre, which so exasperated our people two years ago was no worse than the conduct of these wretches which were begotten by the Confederate slave. If this is the class of savages we are to contend with why not exterminate them from off the face of the earth, and rid the world of such damnable creatures, who glut themselves by shedding innocent blood, and wallow in their own pollution.

Will our rulers set calmly by and see such barbarities committed without an effort to avenge our wrongs? Will they permit treason to be promulgated in our halls of Congress by the Copperheads of our land with impunity? If so they are unfit to be the rulers of a free people. For them to bear longer with traitors when our nation is bleeding at every pore, is doing injustice to those who placed them in power; to the soldier on the field of battle and to that God who will not hold them guiltless.

A Copperhead Gone to the Right Place.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, 7th.

Bayless W. Hanna, Peace Democrat and member of the last Indiana Legislature, has set an excellent example to his political friends. Being a rebel at heart, and thoroughly sympathizing with the Confederates, he packed up his traps, and according to the Evansville Journal, passed through the Federal lines into the Confederacy. He stated that his object was to write a biography of the rebel leaders, but there seems to be no doubt, among those intimate with him, that he goes as an emissary of the Vallandigham democracy, and is in the interest of that class of conspirators who assassinate veteran soldiers at home, to save Confederate soldiers the trouble. Hanna will be well remembered as the revolutionary leader of the last Indiana Legislature, who introduced into the House the celebrated military bill which, in the face of the State Constitution, attempted to wrest from the Governor all military power, and transfer it to a military board composed of such rebels as Hanna himself. Failing in this scheme, and in all others calculated to create civil war in Indiana, in aid of his distressed brethren in Dixie, he has at last removed to a more congenial latitude, where, it is to be hoped, he will remain till called for by the hangman.

FROM MEXICO.

The Latest Phase of Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—A few days ago the *Era* states that a private letter from an officer in the Federal army stationed at Brownsville, on the Rio Grande, contained the important intelligence that French frigates were stationed at the mouth of the river, and it was believed an attack would be made on Matamoros. The *Era* further stated that its correspondent at Brownsville reported that Cortinas was preparing to march against the liberal Government. Since then the schooner *Luther Childs*, Capt. Leppert, reports that when he left, the French fleet had not arrived, but information had been received from Havana that two war steamers were expected out from France, which would devote themselves to securing that port for the Mexican Empire. A land force, as a matter of course, it was expected, would be sent to co-operate. Cortinas, Capt. Leppert reports that he was varying heavy contributions from citizens and merchants, prepatory, as he said, to move against the invaders; but his future course was by no means certain.

Owners and holders of cotton were transporting it to Boca del Rio with all haste, in order to get it on shipboard before the arrival of French Cortinas is not unknown to many persons here, and the general opinion among such is that he is on anxious to "make his pile" and that when he has got as much money as he well can get, he will ransack the rancho and leave Matamoros to the tender mercies of the imperialists.

We shall now look with increased interest for news from Mexico, as there can no longer be a doubt that Imperialism is successful and that Maximilian will soon ascend the newly founded throne of Mexico. Then we may look out for Mexican recognitions of the Confederate States—as that, there is good reason to believe, will soon be followed by the recognition Spain, France, Great Britain and other European powers.

DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

In re parte.
MATTHEW BRIDENTHAL, } Habeas corpus.
Bridenthal, deputy provost marshal of the United States Government, was arrested and imprisoned by a justice of the peace of Sibley county, charged with the crime of manslaughter.

In the petition presented for a writ of habeas corpus it is set forth that all of his action in the premises, upon which the charge is based, was lawful, and in the discharge of his duty as an officer of military department of the government, and while acting in pursuance of his instructions.

The return of the sheriff of Scott county, who had the prisoner in charge, says that he holds him by virtue of a warrant of commitment issued by a justice of the peace of Sibley county, and an order from Judge Branson, of the District Court of the State of Minnesota, authorizing his confinement in Scott county jail, there being no common jail in Sibley county.

This writ of habeas corpus was issued under the act of Congress of March 2, 1833. The 7th section provides: "That either of the justices of the Supreme Court, or a Judge of the District Court of the United States, in addition to the authority already conferred by law, shall have power to grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases of a prisoner or prisoners in jail or confinement, where he or they shall be committed or confined on or by any authority or law for any act done or omitted to be done in pursuance of the law of the United States, or by order, or decree of any Judge or Court thereof any act of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding."

Upon the hearing, Bridenthal's official position was proved, and it was shown that one of the duties of his office was to arrest deserters from the army, and that in the discharge of this duty in this instance he did not exceed the authority conferred upon him by law.

The case, then, as presented, comes clearly within the provisions of the statute of 1833. Bridenthal, as Deputy Provost Marshal, shot a deserter from the army of the United States, while attempting to escape and avoid arrest.

He had the authority of law to do this under certain circumstances, and the exigency of the case seemed to require it in this instance.

The only issue before us is whether an officer of the Government has been wrongfully and illegally arrested and imprisoned. The warrant of commitment issued by the Justice of the Peace is not conclusive evidence that the imprisonment is lawful. We must go behind the warrant and inquire whether there is sufficient grounds to authorize the arrest and imprisonment. We have done so, and are satisfied that the act was done by the officer in pursuance of law while discharging his duty.

It might be urged that the District Judge had no jurisdiction in this case, and could not discharge a person who appears to have been arrested and imprisoned by State authority for alleged offense against her criminal laws. A reference to the act of Congress above quoted, however, shows that no exception is made in such cases. The Judges of the United States to discharge, when the imprisonment, is "by any authority," for an act committed in pursuance of law of the United States.

Being satisfied, therefore, that the imprisonment is unlawful, the prisoner is discharged.

R. R. NELSON, U. S. Judge.

THE DEPARTED ONES.

It was a bright spring day
Not near five years ago,
A little grave was hollowed out
Beneath the old oak tree.

A lovely little girl had died,
Her soul to Heaven had fled,
Her little body must be laid
Low in its narrow bed.

Her hair was parted on her brow,
Her hands laid on her breast,
No sorrow eversmore or pain
Could leave that little chest.

My heart would not be reconciled,
It would not let me say:
The lord that gave to me my child
'Twas his to take away.

But Jesus stilled my troubled breast
With heavenly peace and love,
Then I could look from earth away,
And see my child above.

But the destroying angel came
To strike another down;
My darling boy next was called from earth
To wear a heavenly crown.

My heart was humbled, softened, quite;
I gave him up,
Though many bitter tears it cost
To drink the bitter cup.

Then when Autumn next comes around
With its ever changing scenes,
While yet the leaf was on the tree
And the grass was fresh and green.

My only boy from earth
Has fled on wings of love,
To that blissful place beyond the skies
Among ransomed saints above.

We have laid those lovely twins to rest,
In everlasting day,
Rejoicing with the hosts above
In everlasting day.

Methinks I hear them tune their harps
And sing their rapturous songs,
And heavenly zephyrs breathe o'er earth
To waft the sound along.

Now that they are gone,
Forever free from pain;
I would not call those happy souls
Back to this earth again.

I want to meet them again
Upon that happy shore,
To sing the praise of Jesus' name
Where parting is no more.

Anson, Minn. Mrs. G. W. GREENSHAW.

Health and Beauty.

Women should take abundant exercise in the open air—free, attractive, joyous exercise, such as young girls, when not restrained by false artificial proprieties, are wont to take. If you are in the country, or get there, ramble over the hills and through the woodlands; botanize, geologize, seek rare flowers and plants, hunt birds' nests and chase butterflies. But romp, even though you may be no longer a little girl.

If you are a wife and a mother, so much the better. Romp with your children. Attend also to your bodily position in standing, sitting, lying and walking; and employ such general or special gymnastics as your case may require. Live, while in-doors, in well-ventilated rooms; take sufficient whole-some nourishing food at regular hours, and keep mind active and cheerful—in short, obey all the laws of health. Take a lesson from the English girl, as described in the following extract:

The English girl spends more than half of her waking hours in physical amusement that tends to develop and invigorate, and ripen the bodily powers. She rides, walks, drives, rows upon the water, runs, dances, plays, swings, jumps the rope, throws the ball, handles the quail, draws, ch. bow keeps up the shuttle-cock, and all this without having it forever impressed upon her mind that she is thereby wasting her time. She does this every day, until it becomes a habit which she follows through life.

Her frame, as a necessary consequence, is larger, her muscular system developed, her nervous system in subordination to the physical, her strength more enduring, and the whole tone of her mind more healthy. She may not know as much at the age of seventeen as does the American girl; as a general thing, she does not; but the growth of her intellect has been stimulated by no hot-house culture, and though maturity comes later, it will last proportionally longer.

Attempt to Destroy the Frigate Minnesota.

New York, April 12.—The *Herold's* Fort Monroe dispatch reports that during the morning, Saturday morning, to destroy the frigate Minnesota an apparently floating spar approached her, and getting near was ascertained to be a boat with three men in it. The lookout warned them off, but they pushed boldly for the frigate and in a few moments an explosion similar to twenty cannon was heard. The vessel shot at as if with paralysis and the crew tumbled out of their hammocks. When the confusion subsided, orders were given to pursue the daring rebels, but the Admiral's dispatch tug lying along-side had no steam up. The other tug on picket was too far to be of use, as the marauders rapidly disappeared up one of the creeks abounding in the James river. The damage by the torpedo was trifling and has been repaired.

—Eleven tons of cotton raised in Utah have been received in San Francisco, and more is to follow. The Mormons are very handy people in various ways.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, April 15.

The tax bill provides that coal illuminating oil; &c., shall be taxed 20c per gallon; ground coffee and its substitute 1c per pound; molasses, syrup molasses, &c., 5 per cent. ad valorem; sugar 1 and 2c per pound; paper of all descriptions duty 3 per cent. ad valorem; salt 6c per 100 lbs; pig iron \$1 per ton; blooms, lads or loops \$1.50 per ton; stoves and hardware \$3 per ton, and other descriptions 5 per cent. ad valorem; grape wines 50 per cent. per gallon, and other wines liquors 25c per gallon.

Ready-made clothing, boots, shoes, &c., 5 per cent. ad valorem; manufactured cotton, silk, wool, and worsted 5 per cent. ad valorem; cavendish, plug, twist, and stemmed tobacco, 25c; smoking tobacco made exclusively of stems and shoots and refuse 10c; snuff and snuff flour, 35c; cigars valued at \$10 per thousand; valued from 40 to 20 per thousand, \$7 per thousand; valued at \$20 to \$40, \$12; valued at \$40 to \$45, 25c; valued at \$75, \$40; first proof spirits sold or removed for consumption prior to July 1st, 60 cents per gallon; after July and prior to January 1st, 1865 \$1; after January 1st 1.25. Distilled spirits and refined coal oil may be exported without excise duty.

CAIRO, April 14.

On Tuesday morning Forrest, with some 6,000 men, attacked Fort Pillow.

Soon after the attack Forrest sent a flag of truce down to demand the surrender of the fort and garrison, meanwhile disposing his troops so as to gain a decided advantage.

Maj. Booth, of the 13th Tennessee cavalry, was in command of the fort with 400 of that regiment and 200 of the 1st battalion of the 5th U. S. heavy artillery, formerly first Alabama cavalry (colored). The flag of truce was refused, and fighting was resumed.

Afterwards a second flag came in which was also refused. Both flags gave the advantage for gaining new positions.

The battle was kept up till 3 p. m., when Maj. Booth was killed and Major Bradford took command.

The rebels now came up in swarms overpowering our troops and compelling them to surrender.

During, and upon the surrender, ensued a scene which utterly baffles description. Up to that time comparatively few of our men were killed, but the insane

fiends, blood-thirsty as devils, commenced an indiscriminate butchery of whites and blacks, including those of both colors, previously wounded. The black soldiers becoming demoralized, rushed to the rear, while the officers having thrown down their arms, both white and black were bayoneted, shot or sabred. Even the dead bodies were horribly mutilated, and children seven or eight years old together with several negro women, were butchered in cold blood. Soldiers unable to speak from wounds, were shot dead and their bodies rolled down the banks into the river. Dead and wounded negroes were piled in huts and burned, and several citizens who joined our forces for protection, were killed or wounded. Out of the garrison of 600 men only 200 remained alive.

Among our dead officers Capt. Bradford, Bientenants Baser, Ackersstrom, Wilson, Read, and Major Booth, all of the 13th Tennessee cavalry.

Capt. Postor, Lieut. Lagan, 13th Tennessee, and Capt. Young, 24th Missouri, Acting Provost Martin, were taken prisoners. Major Bradford was also captured, but is said to have escaped. It is feared, however, that he has been killed.

The steamer *Platte Valley* came up about half past ten. She was hailed by the rebels under a flag of truce and men were sent ashore to bury the dead and take aboard such of the wounded as the rebels had allowed to live. Fifty-seven men were taken aboard, including seven or eight colored. Eight died on the way up.

The steamer arrived here this evening and was immediately sent to Mound City Hospital to discharge her suffering cargo. Among the wounded officers of colored troops are Capt. Postor, Lieut. Dibbel, and Adjutant Lerring.

Six guns were captured by the rebels and carried off, including 2 10-pounder parrottes, and two 12-pounder howitzers. A large amount of stores were destroyed or carried away. The intention of the rebels seemed to be to evacuate the place and move on towards Memphis.

CAIRO, April 15.

Several guns captured by Forrest at Fort Pillow were spiked before falling into his hands, others were turned upon gunboat Number Seven, which from exhaustion of ammunition, having fired some 300 rounds was compelled to withdraw. Although only tin-clad she received but slight injury.

Gen. Lee arrived and assumed command at the beginning of the battle previous to which Chalmers directed the movements.

Forrest with the main force returned after the fight to Brownville, taking with him the captured guns. While the steamer *Platte Valley* lay under flag of truce, taking on wounded, rebel officers, among them Chalmers, went on board and some of our officers showed them great deference, drinking with them and showing them other marks of courtesy. Prominent among them is said to have been Capt. Woodruff, of the 113th Illinois Infantry.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—There has just been an exciting scene in the evening session of the House. Orth, from the Lafayette, Indiana, district, was making a fine speech, reviewing the disloyal record of Vouthiers, who had been defending Long. After a time Orth had occasion to refer to Harris, of Maryland, whom the House severely censured on Saturday, and pronounced him unworthy a seat in the House. Orth called him a traitor.

Harris instantly sprung to his feet and called him a liar and a scoundrel, and a coward if he did not resent it. The Democrats in the mean time, in the midst of much confusion, raised the point of order, that Orth had no right to call members of the House traitors. The speaker, *pro tem*, however, decided that in view of a vote of a majority of the House last Saturday to expel him for treasonable sentiments he had a right to call him a traitor.

Orth then resumed, and referring to Harris's language, said that no important slubberings from a man branded traitor by this House could receive from him the slightest notice. He could pass them by in silent contempt.

He then went on to review Voorhes. Among other things, he said that Voorhes was popular in his district. He knew of but one man who could probably run better in the Terre Haute district; that man was Jeff Davis himself. He favored Long's ex.ulsion, because what he had said was treasonable, and because he thought that the sentiment of the House needed purifying.

His speech to the House's surprise and was a great success. The galleries at this writing (eight o'clock) are densely packed, and a number of ladies and families of members have been admitted to the floor of the House.

BACHELORS.—A day or two before the adjournment of the Maryland Legislature, a proposition was introduced to tax bachelors above twenty-five years of age not less than twenty dollars per annum, because the war is destructive of the male population, while the number of females is greatly in excess to that of the opposite sex, and it is the duty of every lover of his country to promote by every means the elements that constitute her strength; said tax to be applied to the support and education of the children of Maryland soldiers slain in battle. The proposition was amended by doubling the tax upon bachelors over forty-five years of age.

—A woman named Terry, who has once before been arrested for conveying goods to the rebels, is now in prison in Baltimore to answer a charge of contraband trading. She gave references to some wealthy families in the city, but they would not keep her out of jail.

The Albany *Journal* says that agents are traversing the central counties of the State of New York contracting with farmers for the entire product of their butter crop the coming season, at forty-eight cents and upwards, per pound. By thus buying in advance they expect to control the market and get their own prices. There is no other way to lead them off, except to get up an anti eating-butter society.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—State of Minnesota, County of Rice, ss. In Probate Court. In the matter of the estate of Nelsina Mies deceased. Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter on the eleventh day of February, A. D. 1863, by D. H. Frost, Judge of the Probate Court of said Rice County, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of said deceased, will on the fifth (5th) day of May, A. D. 1863, at one o'clock in the afternoon at the office of the Register of Deeds, in Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State of Minnesota, offer for sale at public vendue the following described real estate lying and being in said County of Steele to-wit: Lots seven and eight (7 and 8) in block 22 (2d) in Packer's addition to Owatonna, according to the daily recorded plat thereof. The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. Dated Owatonna, April 15th 1863. 51-46. JOHN MILES, Administrator.

NEW SADDLE AND HARNESS SHOP.

I am now ready to manufacture Saddles & Harness cheaper than can be bought in Hastings or any other place in Southern Minnesota and hope by strict attention to business to receive a share of public patronage. Requiring less on short notice. Shop one door west of Dr. Harsh's Drug Store. GRAIN TAKEN FOR WORK. Owatonna, April 14th, 1863. S. R. ANDERSON.

WINTER & RUSSELL.

Metropolitan Store, on Third Street, Have received direct from Boston, THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON. And hereafter will be constantly in receipt of SPRING GOODS! DIRECT FROM EASTERN MARK. THEY OFFER RARE BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS STAPLE AND FANCY. Consists in part of: Sheetings, Shirtings, Stripes, Checks, Denims, Tickings, Cottons, Jeans, Linseys, Cassimeres, Broad Cloths, Blankets, Sateen, Korsey, Flannel, Cotton & Wo. Tweeds and Plantation Cloths. PRINTS, ALPACAS, DE LAIN, THIBBETS, MERINO, PLAIDS, REPS, PARANETAS, SILKS, WORSTED, of all kinds!! THE GEMS OF THE SEAS. Hoop Skirt AND BALMORALS. MOURNING GOODS. Our stock of Mourning Goods is full and complete, of every desirable style, quality and price. CRAPES, GINGHAMS, DELAINES, &c. LOOK OUT FOR COLD WEAT CLOTHING. If the next draft don't exceed 600,000, within the whole army. OVER COATS, UNDER COATS, PANTS AND VES. of latest fashions and every desirable material. BLACK DRESS SUIT. As there has always been a want of selection of good Clothing by purchasers, we would inform the public that taken pains to purchase the VERY BEST and workmanship. Boots & Shoes. FOR ALL!! From the smallest boy baby to the overgrown man!! Among which are: LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS—C and M. roan, plain and tipped, and kinds. FINEST CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' SHOES, BOOTEES, GAITERS, &c. RALS & LACKED BOOTS. of superior quality and workmanship, and with special reference to the wants of children. HATS & CAI. FOR MEN AND BOYS. Scott, McClellan, Burnside, Knowlton, Rosecrans, Grant and Union Old Army and Capt. French and American Manufacture! Gloves and Mitt. BUCK SKIN, BEA. SHEEP SKIN, SEAL SKIN, OTTER SKIN, WOOD. COTTON and Lined and Unlined, large and small. HOSIER. For the Multitude! Groceries. By the WHOLESALE, of every HARDWARE. A complete assortment, AXES, &c. manufacturers. Crockery, Glassware and Lamps! A new and complete assortment. All the above with other articles to mention, will be sold. CHEAP FOR CASH. THE HIGHEST PR. allowed for all kinds of Country Produce. Agents for the Grand de Tour PLOW. decidedly the best in use. PRICE LIST. American Reapers, do D. S., Cast Steel, Cast do D. S., German Steel D. S., Each Plow warranted in all cases recommended the non-y will be inferior. WINTER & RUSSELL. J. H. WINTER, Eastport, Nov. 18th, 1862.

The Owatonna Standard.

HOME INTELLIGENCE.
POST OFFICE HOURS.—Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M., week days, and from 12 M. to 1 P. M. on Sundays.
W. H. WADSWORTH, P. M.

Ground has been broken at the foot of Bridge Street for a Brewery.

The Sociable last Tuesday evening was a perfect success. The evening passed off satisfactory and pleasantly.

W. H. SHERMAN bought a resident lot last week nearly opposite S. N. SARGENTS, for \$112, and has commenced improvements.

DRESSER BROTHERS have moved their Dry Goods from the old store into the new one up stairs, where they will be ready for business in a few days.

HOPKINS & BUSBY are moving into J. W. DRESSER'S Store on Broadway, and have fitted it up in a becoming style, and ready to wait on customers and give them good bargains.

B. CHAMBERS will move into his own store with his goods to-morrow, where HOPKINS & BUSBY have been doing business the last year. He has a large and new stock of Groceries now arriving from the East.

M. J. WHITE is about leaving the Barron House, at Faribault, and move on to his farm. The community will miss him very much as he is always agreeable and cheerful. We wish him much prosperity in his new home.

V. DEWITT has recently purchased the first farm south of Mr. ADAMS, two and a half miles north of town, on the Faribault road, containing 160 acres, 50 acres of wood land and 80 acres of prairie fenced, for \$1200, being only \$7 1/2 per acre.

G. F. BATCHELDER, of Faribault, has on hand a large stock of Ready-Made Clothing, which he is selling surprisingly low, considering the high price of cloth and almost everything else. You will find him always on hand to show you his goods, and his clerks are prompt and agreeable.

WINTER & RUSSELL, of Faribault, are doing an extensive trade at the Metropolitan Store, and are paying the highest price for all kinds of produce. They are expecting their Spring and Summer Stock in a few days. They have the richest assortment of Hosiery in the market. Call and see.

The bee of last Saturday for grading around the School House was rather a small affair. One citizen, A. CHAMBERS, turned out with a team and man and drove through the afternoon. We are inclined to think the citizens are not very particular as to the comfort or health of their wives and little ones.

J. NEWSALT, of the firm of SAMUEL HARRIS, of Winona, was here last week and hired the new store of J. W. DRESSER on Bridge Street, for a Ready-Made Clothing Store. It will be completed by the 10th of next month and filled with a large and heavy stock of goods, which they say shall be sold as cheap as can be had in Southern Minnesota.

G. W. KNAPP, of Clinton Falls, is doing a first rate business. He is an honest Miller, if any is to be found. You will always get a good yield of flour and of good quality. It will well pay our people to take their grain to him to grind, for he understands his business and is very accommodating. If our grain is taken to him, it is the case with many mills, it would be better to throw the grain away than to be annoyed with poor bread con- tinually.

New Advertisements.

C. W. HASTINGS.
GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Liv- ery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-ly.

Carpenter & Smith.
NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloth- ing, Cassimeres, and Vestings. Faribault, on Main Street, opposite the National House. 52-ly.

HASTINGS MARBLE WORKS.
C. J. Aldrich,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
Grave Stones, Monuments,
Furniture Marble, &c.
Hastings, Minn., April 21st, 1884. 52-ly.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.
Mrs. Magoon
Takes pleasure in saying to the ladies of Owatonna and vicinity that she has received her Fall Stock of
Millinery and Dress Goods.
Consisting in part of
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS,
HATS, latest styles,
BALMORALS,
CLOAKS and
CLOAKINGS.
Also, a great variety of
HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,
together with many other articles too numerous to mention.
Tendering her grateful thanks for past patronage she invites all to call and examine her new stock at the old stand, Batchelder's Block, Main-st., Faribault, Minn., October 15th, '83. 23-ly.

OWATONNA SELECT SCHOOL.
The second term of this institution will commence on Monday the 15th day of April 1884 and continue seven weeks.
Terms:
Common English, \$3.50.
Higher, 4.50.
Tuition to be paid in advance.
Grateful for past patronage, the future coop- eration of the public is respectfully solicited.
A. A. HARWOOD, Principal.

Hallo! Mr.,

Have you heard the News!

Pepper & Clements have dissolved
And Wm. Pepper is at his old stand in the
MEAT MARKET BUSINESS
Where he will keep constantly on hand the best quality of beef and all other kinds of meat. We beg only such

Beef Cattle
for our market as are of the best quality and can give entire satisfaction to our customers. We are renovating our Market and are determined not to be surpassed by any other shop of this kind in the country. We have all kinds of

Vegetables
constantly on hand for the comfort and convenience of our patrons, as well as

CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, &c.
All persons buying of us can have their packages delivered anywhere in town free of charge. We are keeping large quantities of everything in our line on hand and can supply in or out of the county on the shortest notice.
Our Market will be conducted agreeable to the most improved style. All kinds of

WORKING CATTLE, MILCH COWS, &c.
bought and sold at this market, and the highest cash price paid for Hides.
WM. PEPPER,
Owatonna, Oct. 23d, 1883.

PICTURES! PICTURES!
The undersigned having permanently located in the village of Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn., would respectfully announce to the people thereof and sur- rounding counties, that he is now prepared to fur- nish them with true and correct

Likenesses
of themselves and friends. Either
PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, OR
any other style of portraits known to the photo- graphic fraternity. Having been in the business for many years in New York he feels confident in assuring the public in this vicinity that his work is

AS GOOD AS THE BEST.
Consequently has not the least doubt of giving en- tire satisfaction to all that favor him with their por- traits. (Room [at present] Morford's Hall, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn.)
E. R. FENNO.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, &c.
HOPKINS & BUSBY have just received a very large stock of NEW GOODS of all descriptions, and are now offering them at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Come everybody and examine Goods and Prices. We take all kinds of PRODUCE in exchange for goods.

THE HEADQUARTERS FOR
Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, &c.
Is at the HOOSIER STORE, Owatonna, Minnesota.

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SPRING GOODS

of all the

LATEST STYLES

will soon be received at

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

selected by MR. LEAVENS, who has now gone east.

No pains will be spared to furnish our Customers with the

BEST QUALITIES AND STYLES.

G. F. BATCHELDER.

ALL GOODS

AT

Lowest prices

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

AT BATCHELDER'S

AT BATCHELDER'S

IN DRY GOODS,

IN DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,

HATS & CAPS,

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GOOD NEWS AND NEW GOODS!

B. Chambers

has purchased of McCoy & Hanson their entire stock of Groceries, &c., and has recently arrived from the east, where he has bought a

Large and Select

lot of

Groceries

of all kinds of winter supply. He is selling as low as at any point in this section of the country, and giving more for all kinds of

FARM PRODUCTION.

Any person wanting a first rate quality of Keweenaw Oil, go to

Do you desire a fine article of French Mustard? Go to

Are you wishing to buy excellent sugars and syr- ups very low? Go to

Do you feel like drinking a pure dish of Cho- colate? Go and buy it at

Is your appetite rather delicate? Go to

and get a nice Sugar Cured Ham.

Are you looking for some Fresh Can Peaches? You will find them at

Go and buy a new one at

When you wish to lay in for your family a win- ter supply of the best Groceries that can be had, go to

on Main-street, one door east of the Post Office, Owatonna, Nov. 10th, 1883.

PEACE

Declared

WITH ALL WHO BUY THEIR

GOODS

For Cash

OF MORFORD & WILLSEY.

The way to make money is to save it, and the way to save it is to lay your goods of MORFORD & WILLSEY, where you will find all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

GROVERIES,

CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

BOOTS & SHOE

HATS & CAPS,

VANKEE NOTIONS, &c.

All kinds of grain taken in exchange.

Owatonna May 21st 1883.

THE LATEST NEWS.

J. B. CROOKER & BRO.

would respectfully announce to the public generally that they are now receiving a large and well select- ed stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

such as: BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, PRINTS, and all kinds of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c.

all of which they are selling as low as at any other place in the county, and will not be undersold by any dealer in this line. Call and examine their stock, as no charges are made for showing goods.— Custom made

BOOTS & SHOES

constantly on hand, or made to order on the shortest notice. We say to the farmers bring on your

GRAIN

and other productions and we will give you more goods for them than you can get for cash in other places. Remember the place, one door east of the County Office Building, on Bridge-street.

CROOKER & BROTHER.

Owatonna, Oct. 29th, 1883.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

EVERYBODY REJOICING!!

NEW

Blacksmith Shop!

THE undersigned has procured the services of two of the

BEST HORSE SHOEERS

ever in Steele County, and has opened a shop at

J. P. SHERMAN'S OLD STAND,

two doors east of the Post Office, where he will be ready to attend to the

Shoeing of Horses,

in a manner superior to any shop ever before opened in this county.

Interfering Horses

will be shod in such a manner as to entirely obviate the difficulty.

This shop, although designed entirely for Horse Shoeing, yet

will be done on short notice, if not interfering with their business. All kinds of

MARKETABLE GRAIN

taken for pay at the Market Price.

S. H. PATTERSON.

Faribault, April 21st, 1884.

52-ly.

52-ly.

52-ly.

52-ly.

52-ly.

52-ly.

52-ly.

52-ly.

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52-ly.

52-ly.

TO THE AFFLICTED!

Gardner & Chase

have just purchased the

formerly owned by C. W. Hastings, where we shall keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Medicines,

CHOICE CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

GLASSWARE,

PAIN BRUSHES,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

PURE WINES & LIQUORS for Medical purposes.

KEROSENE OIL,

SEGARS,

and all kinds of

Groceries,

all of which we propose to sell cheaper than can be bought in this market.

ALL ARTICLES WARRANTED GENUINE.

Store on Main-St., one door west of the Post Office

Owatonna, February 4th, 1884.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Still They Come! Still They Come!!

AT THE POST OFFICE!

If you want a good Book to read or present to your friend or "Lover," buy it at

WADSWORTH'S.

If you want a fine Album, buy it at

WADSWORTH'S.

If you want a good Pocket Knife, Scissors or Shears, buy it at

WADSWORTH'S.

If you want a nice Plated Butter Knife, or set of Spoons, buy them at

The Olatona Plaindealer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.
THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1864.

Particulars.
Copperhead journals are asking why we don't get impatient of Grant's delay as we did of McClellan's and urge the former to action as we vainly did the latter. This is why:

McClellan took command in July, 1861. By the first of October his army was in condition to move. He did not move till April, six months afterward. Gen. Grant has been in command of the Army of the Potomac less than six weeks. If he does not start before six months are over, we promise to try and make him. McClellan wasted the two months of October and November, 1861. If Grant shows signs of wasting May and June, it will be time then to complain.

Or, to come a little further down: When Gen. Grant shall establish himself on the Upper Potomac with an army of 334,609 men, and shall, in the face of that vast force, with a proposal to withhold it from contact with the enemy, and to open a military school for its instructions—as McClellan did in the Autumn of 1861—we shall not hesitate to declare him unfit for command, and to ask for his removal.

Will you have any more reasons?—N. Y. Tribune.

The K. G. C.'s at Work.

CLAYTON CO., OHIO.
HEADQUARTERS, April, 22.
A gang of barmen's have been placed under arrest here. This County has been placed under martial law, and other counties in this State will probably soon be put in the same position. Ohio, Southern Indiana, and Southern Illinois contain the principal portion of these incipient rebels whose leaders only await disaster to the national arms to give the signal for revolt.

Red River Expedition.

WASHINGTON, April 20.
The following dispatch was received at the Navy Department this noon:

CAIRO, April 19.
Hon. Gideon Welles:

I have received private letters from Red River, one dated Grand Ecore river, 9th, and one dated Alexandria, 28th, stating that the army under Gen. Banks, met with reverses on the 8th near Mansfield. Our army fell back, and on the next day the rebels attacked them and were handsomely whipped. Loss heavy both sides.

Admiral Porter, when last heard from, was about 40 miles above Grand Ecore river, Louisiana.

[Signed] A. M. PENNOCK,
Commander of fleet.

CHICAGO, April 23:

A letter dated Grand Ecore, 11th from a private in the Old age Mercantile Battery, giving an account of the part taken by the battery in the battle of the 9th, confirms yesterday's dispatch regarding the disaster to a portion of our forces composing the Red River expedition. The letter says that of our whole division, numbering 3,000 men, but one thousand are left to tell the fearful odds against which they contended. Two regiments of the division were consolidated, and had in all but 140 men and 7 officers, the highest in rank a captain.

The 19th corps checked the rebels and help them for about 25 minutes, when they were forced to retire, which they did slowly, and as night came on the bloody conflict ended.

The next morning General A. J. Smith came up with his command, relieved Gen. Franklin, and whipped the rebels badly; recaptured 12 guns, and took 800 prisoners.

Another letter from another private in the same battery, says our corps, 13th, was all cut to pieces, and we fell back to this place Grand Ecore, five or six miles from the battle field to reorganize. We lost twenty-four pieces of artillery, all that were in the fight.

This letter says General Smith captured 2,000 prisoners and sixteen guns in the fight on the 9th.

Still another letter says we get all sorts of reports from the front. The latest is that Gen. Smith whipped the rebels, taking 2,000 prisoners and 18 guns.

The expedition is probably broken up and our troops are falling back.

Gen. Banks is mentioned as being on the field on the 8th.

A new French giant is exhibiting himself at Liverpool, probably on his way to Barmen's. His name is Joseph Brice; he is eight feet in height, measures four feet six inches around the chest, is twenty-four years old, and can lift six hundred weight. He is well formed, very affable and much admired.

LATEST NEWS.

CINCINNATI, April 21.
Orders were received at Columbus yesterday from Gen. Sherman prohibiting the issue of passes to citizens to go beyond Nashville.

Authority has been received from the War Department to raise two more regiments of heavy artillery.

The 20th and 60th regiments leave for Annapolis this forenoon.

New York, April 20.

A Norfolk letter to the World, says the late mission of the rebel Commissioner Ould to Fortress Monroe, was to ask Butler to send up for the sick of our prisoners at Richmond, who were too far gone to be removed South. Five hundred and sixty-three have since arrived at Old Point, of which Ould said he would consider it almost a miracle if our Government succeeded in saving half.

Cairo, April 19.
Ten more wounded at Fort Pillow, and picked up from the hiding places where they had been suffering since battle, have been brought up to Mound City hospital.

Guerrillas made a raid recently upon a cotton plantation in Clemons, La., 49 miles below Vicksburg, captured a large number of mules and negroes, and carried off W. R. Allison, of Mattoon, Ill.

After getting to a safe distance they compelled him to dig his grave, then shot him and made the negroes bury him. This may be relied upon. Guerrillas along the river are determined that abandoned plantations shall not be worked by northern men.

The steamer Eclipse from Cincinnati, reports seeing about 200 guerrillas at Hurricane Island, forty miles above Southland, when fired into. The steamer Liberty was also fired into opposite Shawnee town but no damage was done.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

[Herald's Special.]—The transfer of men from the army to the navy has at length commenced. 400 are already collected at Baltimore from the army of the Potomac and this department.

Butler has written a very spirited letter to a high public functionary here, of which the concluding paragraph reads as follows:

"If the arrangement proposed is carried out it would have the effect of making me a mere recording secretary to Major General W. F. Smith, who would be the commander. To this I cannot submit. The office of civil mayor at Old Point Comfort is not the sort of service for which I was mustered in, and therefore I most respectfully demand either to be relieved of my position, or have under the General-in-Chief, supreme control and direction of any military movements, having their base within the limits of my department."

Several sentences of death for desertion have been commuted by the President to hard labor in the Dry Tortugas until the end of the war.

New York, April 22.

The World's Washington special says Governors Brough, Lewis, Morton, Curtin and Yates had a long interview with the President to-day, to urge upon him the necessity of calling 200,000 men into service, for defense of the States bordering on the Ohio river, especially Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky. They claimed if specially authorized they could receive that number for that duty by volunteering.

The President as things now stand, seems disposed to issue a call for 200,000 troops to be raised only in the western States.

All sick in the army of the Potomac have been sent here and placed in hospital.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

The following information was received to-night from the army of the Potomac: Five deserters of the 48th Virginia rebel regiment, came into our lines yesterday. It is positively asserted that Longstreet's army is at Orange C. H. Lee's entire force is not more than 35,000 to 50,000 strong. The rebels are very vigilant and have strictly forbidden their pickets holding conversation with our men.

Reports gain credit that Lee has sent a part of his army into the Shenandoah Valley, with the view of compelling Grant to divide his army by sending a force in pursuit.

DRIED BEEF IN TEN DAYS.—The following is dedicated to the lovers of good dried beef:—Take beef from any part of the quarter you choose, and chop as you would for sausage, season to taste, and put in three-inch cloth sacks and hang it up to dry. In this way you can work up all the bits and ends, or even the whole beef, into first-rate dried meat.—C. JOSEPH.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The United States Express company was robbed at St. Joseph, Mo., Monday of \$39,000.

—Senator Wade and Representative Gooch have gone to Cairo to take evidence in relation to the massacre at Fort Pillow.

—Private letters state that the people of California are suffering at present from drought. Eight thousand sheep and eight thousand calves have died, and the farmers are killing their cattle for their hide and fat. This drought will prove most disastrous to the farming and hydrauling interests of the State.

—The Worcester (Mass.) Spy says Mr. John P. Jordan, of that city, died on the 30th ult., under unusual circumstances. He was at work repairing a pump, and accidentally placed his knee on a strip of leather, in which were two or three corroded copper nails, making a considerable wound. He took ordinary measures to heal the wound, but after about a week the limb commenced to swell, and after two weeks' suffering, mortification took place, and he died from the injury.

—When fights were fashionable, a fellow returned a pair of trousers to his tailor because they were too small for his legs.

"But you told me to make them as tight as your skin," said the tailor.

"True," said he, "for I can sit down in my skin, but I'll be split if I can in these breeches."

—According to published statistics, it appears that the wholesale cost of live animals brought to New York for slaughter last year, exceeded \$30,000,000 and that more than half our beef comes from the single State of Illinois.

—The Chicago Journal tells the following: "A couple were married at a hotel in this city yesterday, and left for Milwaukee in a state of bliss. Marriages are not rare events in Chicago we know very well; but in this case the parties had been married before. They were divorced, lived separately for some months and finally concluded the best thing they could do would be to return to each other's arms."

—We have read of a serpent who bit a slaver, and received a much more dreadful venom than that which he imparted to him. The poetic fiction teaches more truth than many which have a greater show of wisdom.

—Mary McCoy, a female burglar, broke into a house in Brooklyn, New York, on Wednesday night last, found a bottle of oil of whiskey, drank it and died.

—Two years ago, when compensation to slaveholders for emancipating their slaves was offered by Congress, Wendell Phillips exultantly said: "Gentlemen slaveholders, now is your time to sell." They have found it out.

—A movement is on foot in Boston to introduce military drill in all the public schools.

—Governor Corwin, Minister to Mexico, has procured leave to come home, and he writes as if he had but little expectation of going back. He now intends to start in about a month.

—John C. Heenan is still in London. He has five now and falls down in the street. He has never been well since he was dragged for the fight with King by friends of the latter. It is thought he will never recover.

—Several breweries at Chicago have been closed by the United States Assessor for alleged false returns.

A WOMAN'S TRICK.—The last phase of the "conference game" was developed Friday, by a Cincinnati female. The woman, having an eastern vessel in her apron, entered a grocery store and bought a pound of coffee. Removing the lid, she dropped the coffee in said vessel, and replaced the lid, and was about to pay for it when she discovered she had forgotten to bring her money. Net to have her honesty suspected, she said she would leave her purchase till she went home and got her money, and accordingly set her cracker on the counter, where it remained until the grocer thought something must be wrong, and on removing the lid, he found there was no bottom to the vessel, and of course she had gone off with the coffee in her apron.

THE VOTE OF ARKANSAS.—Mr. Fairbanks writes to the Missouri Democrat from Little Rock, under date of April 11th, that twelve thousand four hundred and three votes have been cast in that State—12,177 for Constitution and 266 against it. Sixty-four delegates, all Radical Anti-Slavery men, have been elected. A quorum had arrived for the Senate but not for the House.

A writer from New York describes a masquerade party given a few evenings since by a fashionable lady, "formerly a famous Boston belle," and in the getting up of which no end of money was lavished. The costumes were unique, outrageous, dazzling, gorgeous. The distinguished hostess herself, always fertile in expedients, immortalized her genius, appearing before her astonished guests with a coronal of living flame jets! In the course of the entertainment, which was kept up until six o'clock A. M.—breakfast being duly served to the revellers—the wearer of that remarkable head dress, in a most suave and gracious manner, revealed the secret of its success. Attached to the hoop skirt was a small gasometer, and a connecting pipe, passing up beneath the elaborate braids of her black hair, secured a brilliant triumph at the risk of the wearer's life!

A REFUGEE, who has just escaped from Wilmington N. C. says: "I lived a while in a few doors of Mr. Mallory, the Confederate States Secretary of the Navy. His wife, a Spanish lady, is most anxious to reach the State of Massachusetts, where her sister is now living. The Secretary and his lady are actually very poor, so poor that when guests were at their house they usually had to borrow from us table equipage, and that of the simplest. During a temporary absence I made the Secretary welcome to the milk of my solitary cow, and he esteemed it, for his wife's sake, an exceeding great kindness."

TO MAKE GOOD VINEGAR.—One pint of strained honey and two gallons of soft water. Let stand in a moderately warm place, and I will warrant good vinegar in three weeks. I have tried it several times, and never had it fail.—S. F.

WHAT COPPERHEAD RIOTS COST.—It is calculated that the Copperhead disturbances at the Pennsylvania coal mines last summer will not take less than three millions of dollars this year out of the pockets of the consumers of coal owing to the enhanced price in consequence. Of course this falls most severely upon the poor. And yet the poor have it dinged into their ears daily that the men who incite just such lawless acts as were committed in Pennsylvania, and repeated recently in Illinois, are their friends, while those who sustain the Administration are their enemies and would be oppressors!

THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE have reported adversely to the bill allowing Wisconsin and Minnesota to change boundary lines.

JUDGE BARNARD has ordered the arrest of Horace Greeley for contempt of Court, in publishing an article criticizing his official conduct.

HARD ON FREEMONT.—The New York Sunday Times thinks General Fremont is inclined to renege the Republican party very much as he does his hair.—i. e., part it in the middle.

IMPENDING FINANCIAL CRISIS IN NEW YORK.—The New York correspondence of the Boston Journal writes:

"New York is uneasy to day in all her departments of trade. The state of things is very peculiar. A short time since our banks had fifty millions of gold; they have now but twenty. The state of feeling is feverish. Buyers are shy. Our heaviest merchants say that no goods can be sold unless they are offered less than cost. Stewart, Claflin & Co., and men of this class, are selling goods at a loss. Cottons and woollens cannot be sold else and buyers are few at that. Men who sold out in January are considered fortunate. In Wall street several heavy failures have taken place. More will follow. One man under-took to carry eight millions of gold but it crushed him to the earth."

An enthusiastic emancipation meeting held in Knoxville, on Saturday, at which resolutions in favor of the immediate abolition of slavery and endorsing the war policy of the president, were unanimously adopted. Governor Johnson made a powerful speech.

A few months since nearly a hundred persons sat down to a festive celebration in the Hartz mountains, where pork in various forms was the principal food. Of these, eighty persons are in their graves, and of the remainder, the majority linger with a fearful malady. This strange event has led to the discovery that this food was charged with flesh worms in all stages of development, or trichina found in the muscular tissues of the survivors and traced to the pork. These flesh worms are not killed by ordinary cooking, and multiply rapidly by thousands. A great alarm exists in Germany, and the eating of pork in many places is now entirely abandoned.

It is estimated that the busy brokers at Lafayette Hall, New York, have robbed recruits of fully \$400,000. General Dix has the matter in hand and hopes to recover a large share of this amount. The outrages perpetrated by these brokers are shown to have been infamous. Boys were frequently seduced from their families, drugged and then enlisted. Two were so badly drugged that they died from the effects.

New Advertisements.

AMBLER & PATTERSON,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS. Land bought and sold. Taxes paid for non-residents, &c., on reasonable terms. All business entrusted to our hands promptly attended to. Office in R. C. Ambler's Law Office.
v2n1f.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern that two certain Promissory Notes, bearing date September 24 1863, were given by P. Schuster and A. Rater to Henry F. Burper for the sum of \$125, one of \$62.50 signed by P. Schuster, and one of \$62.50 signed by A. Rater, and due one year from date. And that said notes were given without consideration and will not be paid.
P. SCHUSTER,
A. RATER,
Owatonna, April 25th, 1864. 1-4.

Whitecomb & Odell
WOULD announce to the public that they have entered into the

BRICK MAKING BUSINESS,
and are prepared to contract for any quantity desired either

RED OR WHITE,
equal to those made in Milwaukee, on reasonable terms. Produce taken in exchange. Kiln 35 miles east of Owatonna, where brick will be kept constantly on hand.
Owatonna, April 25th 1864. 1-4.

MILLINERY AND STRAW DRESSING!

Miss Hunter,
while gratefully acknowledging the kindness of those friends who have assisted her in her endeavor to establish a

PERMANENT BUSINESS
in this place, would add that she is now prepared to execute orders in any of the branches of her business.

BONNET AND HAT TRIMMINGS
kept constantly on hand. Rooms up stairs in Wm. Davidson's dwelling north of the Presbyterian church.
Owatonna, April 25th, 1864. 1-3m.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred and thirty-four dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage bearing date October Twenty-third 1863, executed by James M. Follett to John H. Abbott, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Steele County, State of Minnesota on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1863, in Book "A" of Mortgages, on pages 129 and 130, which said mortgage was duly assigned by said John H. Abbott to Dexter Smith and Levi Bailey on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1864, by indenture of assignment duly acknowledged and recorded, and no part of the sum above claimed having been paid and no proceedings either at law or otherwise having been instituted for the recovery thereof. Now therefore, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the Statute in such case made and provided said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises described in said mortgage, to wit: The west half of the south east quarter of Section seventeen (17) Township 105 north, Range 20 west, in the county of Steele and State of Minnesota, together with the appurtenances thereto belonging. Said sale will be made at the Register's Office in the town of Owatonna, in said county on the 3d day of June, A. D. 1864, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and costs of sale, and also the sum of \$21.82 in taxes paid by the Mortgagee on said premises. Dated April 25th, 1864.
Dexter Smith, Assignee,
Levi Bailey, Assignee.
W. R. KINTON, Atty. 1-7t.

IDAHO DEPOSITS!!

B. CHAMBERS would inform the citizens of Owatonna and everybody else that he has moved his stock of Goods from Main-St. to Broadway, in his store

ONE DOOR WEST OF EUREKA HOUSE,
where he has a large and extensive assortment of

Groceries

SUCH AS
Teas,
Sugars,
Syrups,
Coffees,
Spices,
&c., &c.
All kinds of

Dried Fruits

and everything else calculated to suit the most delicate appetite.
He also wishes to inform the public that he has a large assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES.

of all sizes and descriptions, of the best quality. His goods are new and fresh, bought for cash down, and will not be undermold.

Idaho Gold Dust, Greenbacks, and all kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange.

Owatonna, April 25th, 1864. v2n1f.

NEW SADDLE AND HARNESS SHOP.

I am now ready to manufacture

Saddles & Harness

cheaper than can be bought in Hastings or any other place in Southern Minnesota and hope by strict attention to business to receive a share of public patronage. Repairing done on short notice.

Shop one door west of Dr. Harsha's Drug Store.

GRAIN TAKEN FOR WORK

S. R. ANDERSON, 61-6m.

J. H. WINTER. D. N. RUSSELL.

Winter & Russell,

AT THE

Metropolitan Store, on Third Street,

Have received direct from Boston.

THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

And hereafter will be constantly in receipt of new

SPRING GOODS,

DIRECT FROM EASTERN MARKETS.

THEY OFFER

RARE BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS

STAPLE AND FANCY

consists in part of

Sheetings,
Shirtings, Stripes,
Checks, Denims, Tickings,
Cottons, Jeans, Linens, Cassi-
mores, Hosiery, Broad Cloths, Cloakings,
Satinets, Kerseys, Flannels, Cotton & Woollen,
Tweeds and Plaiding Cloths.

PRINTS,
ALPACCAS,
THRIBETS,
PLAINS,
PARAMETAS,
WORSTED,
of all kinds!!

THE GEMS OF THE SEASON.

Hoop Skirts

AND

BALMORALS.

MOURNING GOODS!

Our stock of Mourning Goods is full and complete, of every desirable style, quality and price! CHAPES, GINGHAMS, DE LAINES, SLATS, WORSTED, &c., &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR COLD WEATHER!

CLOTHING!

If the next Draft don't exceed 600,000, we can clothe the whole army.

OVER COATS,

of every quality and grade for winter.

UNDER COATS,

of every style and material!

PANTS AND VESTS

of latest fashions and every desirable material for winter wear.

BLACK DRESS SUITS!

As there has always been a want of care in the selection of good clothing by purchasers for this market, we would inform the public that we have taken pains to purchase the VERY BEST quality and workmanship.

Boots & Shoes

FOR ALL!!

From the smallest baby boot to the largest overgrown man!! Among which are

LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS.—Chad. Kid and M. Ecco, plain and tipped, and all other kinds.

BABIES' CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' SLIPS, SHOES, BOOTEES, GAITERS, BALMORALS & LACKED BOOTS.

of superior quality and workmanship, and selected with special reference to the wants of this community.

HATS & CAPS

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Scott, McClellan, Burnside, Keeney, Old Brains, Rosebush, Grant and all the latest Old Abe Hats and Caps, French and American Manufacture!

Gloves and Mittens

BUCK SKIN, BEAVER SKIN, SHEEP SKIN, SEAL SKIN, KID SKIN, COTTON AND OTTER SKIN, WOOLEN, Lined and Unlined, large and small!

HOSIERY

For the Multitude!

Groceries

By the WHOLESALE, of every description.

HARDWARE!

A complete assortment, AXES, from the best manufacturers.

Crockery, Glassware and Kerosene Lamps!

A new and complete assortment. All the above with other articles too numerous to mention, will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

THE HIGHEST PRICE

allowed for all kinds of

Country Produce

Agents for the Grand de Tour

PLOW.

decidedly the best in use.

PRICE LIST.

American Steele, - - - - - \$14 25

do. D. S., - - - - - 15 25

Cast Steel, - - - - - 17 25

Cast d. D. S., - - - - - 18 25

German Steel D. S., - - - - - 16 25

Each Plow warranted in all cases, and if not recommended the money will be invariably refunded

WINTER & RUSSELL.

J. H. WINTER, Fairbault, Nov. 18th, 1860. D. N. RUSSELL, v2n1f.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

HOME INTELLIGENCE.

POST OFFICE HOURS.—Open from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M. week days, and from 12 M., to 1 P. M., on Sundays. W. H. WADSWORTH, P. M.

B. F. Melvin, the County Treasurer entered upon the duties of his office yesterday.

Sheriff PATTERSON sold a lot fronting on Main Street, east of the Post Office 22 feet wide for \$200.

We are under many obligations to **HON. RAMSEY AND WILKINSON** for the receipt of public documents.

W. H. SHERMAN bought, this week, of **M. A. DAILEY**, one lot 4x8 rods north of the Livery Stable for \$135.

We tender to **Sheriff PATTERSON** our thanks for some large fresh fish, the first of the season. We found them very delicious.

W. H. WADSWORTH has moved his Post Office about sixteen feet west of where it stood, and everything is now up about the premises.

Dr. WARE has moved into the house of **J. F. HANNA**, to remain the present season. **Mrs. HANNA** having gone East to be absent the present year.

GODFREY for May has come in good season. It contains some beautiful steel engravings and latest styles of ladies fashions, besides a large amount of interesting reading.

Our readers are referred to the advertisement of **Miss HUNTER** in another column.—She has established herself in town as a Milliner and comes well recommended as a lady qualified for the business.

We are happy to announce that our friend and citizen **W. H. WILLEY**, having been confined for several months from sickness, has so far recovered as to be able to be out again and enjoy the fresh and invigorating atmosphere of our Prairie State.

We call attention to the new advertisement of **B. CHAMBERLAIN**, who has just returned from the east where he has purchased a large assortment of Groceries, and occupies his own store on Broadway. Persons calling on him will find it for their interest to buy what they need as he keeps no goods but the best quality, and sells at reasonable prices.

G. F. BATCHELDER, of Faribault, has just received quantity of Moline Plows with Coulters both straight and rolling. These plows are considered to be as good as any in use. He is also receiving a new assortment of goods from the East, and is now prepared to accommodate his customers and the public generally with anything in the line of new goods they may desire.

WHITCOMB & O'NEIL commenced brick making last Monday at their kiln. They intend burning 500,000 this season. We have known Mr. WHITCOMB for many years and know that he is master of his business. We shall expect this summer to see brick made here that will knock the Milwaukee brick far into the shade. They have the material and ability to accomplish their purpose.

Three cases of small pox made their appearance last week in Faribault. We hope our citizens will see to it that every person in our town is vaccinated with the kind pox without delay. It is a sure preventative if the vaccine matter is genuine and works well. The vaccine matter should be taken from a healthy person, without any scrofulous tendencies or hereditary disease.

We are happy to announce to our readers that **E. AMORY** (one of our town proprietors), has laid out his lot on the north side of the Public Square into 22 feet lots and proposes to sell on reasonable terms to any who will erect suitable business buildings upon them. This is what the town has long needed for its advancement, and Mr. AMORY will find that soon he will be a richer man and more highly esteemed for his public enterprise.

Last week the little town of Waukegan raised over \$100 in one evening for the Saturday Fair which is to be held at St. Louis. It is Owatonna to be left out in this benevolent enterprise, while all the towns and counties around her are contributing for their means for the comfort of our Union Army? Will not the ladies in our town take hold of this subject and show to our neighbors that we are disposed to do as much as any class of people in this noble work. If anything is to be done it is time we were making arrangements.

J. W. DRESSER is one of the lucky ones. Mr. E. AMORY gave him two lots on the north side of the Public Square 22 feet each for the purpose of erecting a brick block 44 feet front for business purposes which he will do within eighteen months. He has bought another lot joining, on which he will erect a wood building two stories high the present summer. We are truly entering on a new era and we rejoice to see the scales falling from the eyes of one of our town proprietors at least that he may see his true interest as to financial affairs as well as his popularity among the inhabitants of his town.

WINTER & RUSSELL, of Faribault, received last week a large quantity of Spring and Summer Goods, and a large lot of splendid Print Gingham, De Laines, &c., of the very latest styles, and these have been seen today they are the most splendid patterns ever brought to that market.—They have also received the "Burlock Multiform Hoop Skirt" manufactured in Burnington, Conn. This Skirt stands unrivalled by any other, as to beauty, convenience or durability. They adjust themselves to the size required. This Skirt combines the Sly Quaker and Paris Trail, and complete in itself. They have also received a new stock of Shoes, Men's, Women's and Children's, and prices extremely low. Call and examine.

Some Millers are strange things and very independent. They care but little else than to get all the grinding they can, regardless of sitting their customers. They wish to be built up themselves, but never do anything to build up others. They will send away for their family goods and then wish their home merchants to buy the flour they make. Others will grind your grain into feed without orders, and then tell you afterwards that your grain was good for nothing, and you can take the provender or nothing. How long will such poor specimens of humanity prosper? Not long in this place we imagine. But **G. W. KARP** of Clinton Falls is not that kind of a Miller. He keeps his mill in good order and makes the best quality of flour, as everybody will testify.

A special town meeting was held in the town of Dover on Friday the 22d inst., for the purpose of raising a town bounty to be paid to any person or persons who shall hereafter enlist from or be credited to said town, in order to fill the quota now due by said town to the United States, when it was unanimously decided to issue the bonds of the town for an amount not exceeding \$300 with interest at ten per cent. per annum, payable annually, to volunteers (not exceeding four in number) who shall hereafter enter the service of the United States as soldiers, and who shall be duly credited to said town. Said bonds to be made payable in two yearly installments, one half on the 1st day of April 1865, and the remainder on the 1st day of April 1866. And in case of failure to get volunteers then the said bonds for the said amount shall be issued to any and every person who shall be drafted into the United States service from said town in accordance with the foregoing provisions, provided that the said bonds shall not be issued to any person who shall be disqualified from entering into the service of the United States as a soldier. The sum of \$1200 was unanimously voted to be raised to carry out the foregoing provisions.

STEEL COUNTY.				
	Quota.	Enlist.	Deft.	Per cent.
Aurora,	25	22	3	00
Berlin,	18	8	10	00
Clinton Falls,	20	15	5	00
Dover,	20	19	1	00
Levee,	13	16	00	00
Madison,	33	40	00	16
Meriden,	21	22	00	1
Merton,	32	34	00	1
Owatonna,	87	102	00	15
Somers,	23	19	4	00
Summit,	12	9	3	00

PROVOST MARSHALL'S OFFICE.
FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, MINN.
ROCHESTER, April 15, 1864.
We, the undersigned members of the Board of Enrollment of the First Congressional District of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing and within is a correct statement of the quotas, credits, deficiencies and excesses, and number to be drafted from the several sub-districts of the First Congressional District up to April 15, 1864.
CHARLES H. SEE,
President of the Board of Enrollment.
CHARLES C. COLE, Comm'r.
WM. W. MAYO, Surgeon.

C. W. Hastings.
GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Livery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-ly.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—State of Minnesota, County of Rice, ss. In Probate Court. Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter on the eleventh day of February A. D. 1864, by D. H. Frost, Judge of the Probate Court of said Rice County, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of said deceased, will on the fifth (5th) day of May A. D. 1864, at one o'clock in the afternoon at the office of the Register of Deeds, in Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State of Minnesota, offer for sale at public vendue the following described real estate lying and being in said County of Steele to wit: Lots seven and eight (7 and 8) in block six (6) in Phelps' addition to Owatonna, according to the duly recorded plat thereof. The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. Dated Owatonna, April 14th 1864.
JOHN MILES, Administrator.

HOPKINS & BUSBY have just received a very large stock of **NEW GOODS** of all descriptions, and are now offering them at **REALLY REDUCED PRICES.** Come everybody and examine Goods and Prices. We take all kinds of **PRODUCE** in exchange for goods.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, &c.
Is at the **HOOSIER STORE**, Owatonna, Minnesota.

THE HEADQUARTERS FOR
NEW GOODS
THIS **WEEK**
AT
BATCHELDER'S
April 4th, 1864.
QUICK SALES
AND
SMALL PROFITS
AT
BATCHELDER'S
Faribault, April 21st, 1864. 52-ly.

Batchelder's Column.

30 Moline Clipper Plows

OF THE
VARIOUS SIZES.

ALSO
ROLLING & STRAIGHT COULTERS

AT
BATCHELDER'S

ALL GOODS

AT
BATCHELDER'S.

Lowest prices

AT
BATCHELDER'S.

Lowest prices

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BATCHELDER'S.

Lowest prices

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Lowest prices

PEACE

Declared

WITH ALL WHO BUY THEIR

GOODS

For Cash

OF MORFORD & WILLSEY.

The way to make money is to save it, and the way to save it is to buy your goods of **MORFORD & WILLSEY**, where you will find all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE

BOOTS & SHOES

HATS & CAPS,

YANKEE NOTIONS, &c.

All kinds of grain taken in exchange. **MORFORD & WILLSEY**
Owatonna May 21st 1865

THE LATEST NEWS.

J. B. CROOKER & BRO.

would respectfully announce to the public generally that they are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

such as **BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, PRINTS,** and all kinds of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c.

all of which they are selling as low as at any other place in the country, and will not be undersold by any dealer in their line. Call and examine their stock, as no charges are made for showing goods.—Custom made

BOOTS & SHOES

constantly on hand, or made to order on the shortest notice. We say to the farmers bring on your

GRAIN

and other productions and we will give you more goods for them than you can get for cash in other places. Remember the place, one door east of the County Office Building, on Bridge-street.

CROOKER & BROTHER.
Owatonna, Oct. 20th, 1863. 27-ly.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Mrs. Magoon

Takes pleasure in saying to the ladies of Owatonna and vicinity that she has received her Fall Stock of

Millinery and Dress Goods.

Consisting in part of

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

FLOWERS,

RIBBONS,

HATS, latest styles,

BALMORALS,

CLOAKS and

CLOAKINGS.

Also, a great variety of

HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,

together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Tendering her grateful thanks for past patronage she invites all to call and examine her new stock, at the old stand, Batchelder's Block, Main-st. Faribault, Minn., October 18th, '63. 25-ly.

Hallo! Mr.,

TO THE AFFLICTED!

Gardner & Chase

have just purchased the

Drug Store,

formerly owned by C. W. Hastings, where we shall keep constantly on hand all kinds of

MEDICINES,

CHOICE CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

GLASSWARE,

PAIN BRUSHES,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

PURE WINES & LIQUORS for Medical purposes.

KEROSENE OIL,

SEGARS,

and all kinds of

Groceries,

all of which we propose to sell at cheaper than can be bought in this market.

ALL ARTICLES WARRANTED GENUINE.

Store on Main-St., one door west of the Post Office
Owatonna, February 4th, 1864. 41-ly.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

J. F. HANNA having lately purchased the entire stock of **M. C. Burr**, on School Street, is now prepared, to make on short notice, everything in the line of

Cabinet Ware

Great Bargains

Bureaus, Bedsteads of all kinds, round and square cornered. Extension Tables, Centre Tables, Card Tables and Fall leaf tables.

Down-back Chairs, Windsor Chairs and Split bottom Chairs always on hand or made to order, also a large lot of

Splendid

Cane Seat Chairs shortly expected all of which we propose to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

COFFINS made on short notice.
N. B.—All work warranted.
Owatonna, May 7th, 18.

PICTURE PICTURES!!

The undersigned having permanently located in the village of Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn., would respectfully announce to the people thereof and surrounding counties, that he is now prepared to furnish them with true and correct

Likenesses

of themselves and friends. Either **PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, OR** any other style of portraits known to the photographic fraternity. Having been in the business for many years in New York he feels confident in assuring the public in this vicinity that his work is

AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

Consequently has not the least doubt of giving entire satisfaction to all that favor him with their patronage. Room (at present) Morford's Hall, Owatonna, Steele Co. Min.

HASTINGS MARBLE WORKS.

C. J. Aldrich,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

Grave Stones, Monuments, Furniture Marble, &c.

Hastings, Minn., April 21st, 1864. 52-ly.

OWATONNA SELECT SCHOOL.

The second term of this Institution will commence on Monday the 10th day of April 1864 and continue eleven weeks.

Terms:
Common English, \$2.50.
Higher, 4.50.
Tuition to be paid in advance.

Grateful for past patronage, the undersigned hereby announces that he is now prepared to furnish the public with true and correct

PICTURE PICTURES!!

A. A. HARWOOD, Faribault.

TREMBLOUS EXCITEMENT!

Great Rush to the Ready Pay Store of

Dresser Bro's.

We are receiving one of the largest stocks of Clothing ever brought to this market, comprising Over-Coats, dress Coats, Pants, Vests, &c.—Prints from 12 1/2 to 25 cts. per yard. Factory cloth from 20 to 35 cts. per yard. Also over-shirts and drawers. Buckskin gloves and mittens. Red woolen and cotton Flannels.

We have a large stock of **HOSIERY, CASSIMERES, DOMESTICS, SATINETTS, COTTONS, and Jeans.** Prints of the Best Brands for twenty cents per yard, we have also a large assortment of

Hats & Caps

of the Latest Styles, comprising Fox-Work and Fox

Boots & Shoes

such as Ladies Gaiters, Buckskins, Balmorals and other varieties of Ladies shoes, coarse and fine men's and boy's Boots & Shoes of the best quality and at the lowest rates.

Amputation of all kinds. Tobacco of the best quality.

All cloths sold by us will be sent **FREE OF CHARGE.** Persons will thus save one shilling per yard, as we will sell cloth as cheap as the cheapest and throw the cutting in.

Custom Made Clothing made at short notice. Remember the sign **DRESSER BROTHERS** and fall in to call.

Cash paid for hides and furs and all kinds of grain needed in pay for goods.

GROCERY STORE.

A full assortment of all kinds of

GROCERIES,

SPICES,

TOBACCOES,

CONFECTIONS,

&c., &c., &c.

Highest price paid in cash for

HIDES & FURS

of all kinds at

WILLIAMS & BIRFIELD'S

COVE OYSTERS,

for 65 cents per Can, warranted, at

WILLIAMS & BIRFIELD'S

One door east of Dr. Hanna's Drug Store, on Bridge-street, Owatonna, Oct. 29th, 1863. 27-ly.

PICTURE GALLERY!

Completed, and in Running Order!

E. R. PENNO would say to the citizens of Owatonna and surrounding country, that he is now in his NEW ROOMS and prepared to make their

